Strategic Management: Text and Cases, 9e (Dess)

Chapter 2 Analyzing the External Environment of the Firm: Creating Competitive Advantages

1) Environmental scanning and competitor intelligence provide important inputs for forecasting activities.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Three important processes (scanning, monitoring, and gathering competitive

intelligence) are used to develop forecasts.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

2) Perceptual acuity, according to Ram Charan, is the ability to know for certain what will happen in the future.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Ram Charan defines perceptual acuity as the ability to sense what is coming before

the fog clears.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

3) Ted Turner saw the potential of 24-hour news before anyone else. This is an example of perceptual acuity.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Ram Charan defines perceptual acuity as the ability to sense what is coming before the fog clears. Turner saw the potential of 24-hour news before anyone else did. All the ingredients were there, but no others connected them until he created CNN.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Understand

4) Environmental monitoring deals with tracking changes in environmental trends that are often uncovered during the environmental scanning process.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Environmental monitoring tracks the evolution of environmental trends, sequences of events, or streams of activities.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

5) Competitive Intelligence (CI) is a tool that can provide management with early warnings about both threats and opportunities.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Competitive intelligence (CI) helps firms define and understand their industry and identify strengths and weaknesses of rivals. Done properly, competitive intelligence helps a company avoid surprises by anticipating competitor moves and decreasing response time.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

6) Competitive intelligence generally does *not* benefit very much from gathering information on competitors from sources in the public domain.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Competitive intelligence is frequently done effectively through public sources of information. Examples are evident in daily newspapers and periodicals such as The Wall Street Journal, Bloomberg Businessweek, and Fortune. For example, banks continually track home loan, auto loan, and certificate of deposit (CD) interest rates charged by rivals. Major airlines change hundreds of fares daily in response to competitor tactics.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

7) Even with all the advances in recent years, forecasting is typically considered more of an art than a science and it is of little use in generating accurate predictions.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Environmental forecasting involves the development of plausible projections about the direction, scope, speed, and intensity of environmental change. Its purpose is to predict change.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

8) Scenario analysis is a superficial approach to forecasting that seeks to explore possible developments that many only be connected to the past.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Scenario analysis is a more in-depth approach to forecasting. It draws on a range of disciplines and interests, among them economics, psychology, sociology, and demographics. It does not rely on extrapolation of historical trends. Rather, it seeks to explore possible developments that may only be connected to the past.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

9) SWOT analysis is useful in part because it obliges the firm to act proactively by putting an emphasis on identifying opportunities and threats that constrain the action choices a firm might make because of its internal and external environmental scan.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Despite its apparent simplicity, the SWOT approach has been very popular. First, it forces managers to consider both internal and external factors simultaneously. Second, its emphasis on identifying opportunities and threats makes firms act proactively rather than reactively. Third, it raises awareness about the role of strategy in creating a match between the environmental conditions and the internal strengths and weaknesses of the firm.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

10) In the SWOT framework, the Strengths and Weaknesses are external environmental factors to consider.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The Strengths and Weaknesses refer to the internal conditions of the firm in which a

firm excels (strengths) and where it may be lacking relative to competitors (weaknesses).

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in

industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

11) In the SWOT framework, Opportunities and Threats are environmental conditions internal to the firm.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Opportunities and Threats are environmental conditions external to the firm. These could be factors in either the general or the competitive environment.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in

industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

12) Although changes in the general environment may often adversely or favorably impact a firm, they seldom alter an entire industry.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The general environment is composed of factors that can have dramatic effects on

firm strategy.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

13) A major sociocultural trend in the United States is the increased number of women in the workforce that has increased the need for business clothing but decreased the demand for baking product staples.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: The increased number of women in the workforce has increased the need for business-clothing merchandise but decreased the demand for baking product staples (because people would have less time to cook from scratch).

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

14) Technological innovations can create entirely new industries and alter the boundaries of industries.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Developments in technology lead to new products and services and improve how they are produced and delivered to the end user. Innovations can create entirely new industries and alter the boundaries of existing industries.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

15) The Porter five-forces model is designed to help us understand how social attitudes and cultural values impact U.S. businesses.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The five-forces model developed by Michael E. Porter has been the most commonly used analytical tool for examining the competitive environment. It describes the competitive environment in terms of five basic competitive forces.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

16) The five-forces model helps to determine both the nature of competition in an industry and the profit potential for the industry.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: The five-forces model developed by Michael E. Porter describes the competitive environment in terms of five basic competitive forces that affect the ability of a firm to compete in a given market. Together, they determine the profit potential for a particular industry.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

17) In some industries, low switching costs can act as an important barrier to entry.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: A barrier to entry is created by the existence of one-time costs that the buyer faces when switching from one supplier product or service to another.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

18) In most industries, new entrants will *not* be a threat because the Internet lowers entry barriers.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: In most industries, the threat of new entrants has increased because digital and Internet-based technologies lower barriers to entry. For example, businesses that reach customers primarily through the Internet may enjoy savings on other traditional expenses such as office rent, sales-force salaries, printing, and postage. This may encourage more entrants who, because of the lower start-up expenses, see an opportunity to capture market share by offering a product or performing a service more efficiently than existing competitors. Thus, a new cyber entrant can use the savings provided by the Internet to charge lower prices and compete on price despite the incumbent's scale advantages.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Analyze

19) The Internet and digital technologies suppress the bargaining power of buyers by providing them with more information to make buying decisions.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The Internet and wireless technologies may increase buyer power by providing consumers with more information to make buying decisions and by lowering switching costs.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

20) Reintermediation is responsible for an overall reduction in business opportunities.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Just as the Internet is eliminating some business functions, it is creating an opening for new functions. These new activities are entering the value chain by a process known as reintermediation.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 21) Two of the key inputs to developing forecasts discussed in the text are
- A) environmental scanning and stakeholder identification.
- B) assessing internal strengths and environmental scanning.
- C) environmental scanning and competitive intelligence.
- D) environmental scanning and a SWOT analysis.

Answer: C

Explanation: Three important processes (scanning, monitoring, and gathering competitive intelligence) are used to develop forecasts.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Remember

- 22) Salemi Industries launched Cell Zone unsuccessfully in 2005 because it did not understand the market demand for its new product. This is an example of
- A) vision statement evaluation.
- B) assessing internal strengths.
- C) environmental scanning.
- D) mission statement evaluation.

Explanation: Analyzing the external environment is a critical step in recognizing and understanding the opportunities and threats that organizations face.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 23) Environmental analysis requires continual questioning of all these assumptions except
- A) a priori ideas about the structure of the relevant industry.
- B) continual updating of environmental knowledge.
- C) presuppositions about who is and is not a competitor.
- D) biases about how to make money in the industry.

Answer: B

Explanation: According to Hamel and Prahalad, every manager carries around in his or her head a set of biases, assumptions, and presuppositions about the structure of the relevant industry, about how one makes money in the industry, about who the competition is and is not, about who the customers are and are not, and so on. Environmental analysis requires you to continually question such assumptions.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 24) Firms that were successful in the past can fail today because
- A) they keep pace with changes in the nature of competition.
- B) the company strategy is outdated.
- C) their financial situation is resilient.
- D) management monitors the relevant environmental factors regularly.

Answer: B

Explanation: The strategy of the firm may be good at one point in time, but it may go astray when the management frame of reference gets out of touch with the realities of the actual business situation. This situation results when management assumptions, premises, or beliefs are incorrect or when internal inconsistencies among them render the overall theory of the business invalid.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 25) Which one of the following statements is an example of how to improve perceptual acuity?
- A) A CEO meets with other CEOs of non-competing companies to examine the world from multiple perspectives and then shares the results with his own management team.
- B) A CEO meets with the company management team regularly to analyze current world events and their potential impact on the company.
- C) A CEO meets with direct competitors to analyze current industry trends. The CEOs share their conclusions with their respective companies.
- D) Outsiders are brought in to the board meeting to critique the company strategy, which considers the new information in its potential revamping of the strategy.

Answer: C

Explanation: Although many CEOs may complain that the top job is a lonely one, they cannot do it effectively by sitting alone in their office. Instead, high-performing CEOs are constantly meeting with people and searching out information.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 26) Perceptual acuity requires all the following except
- A) an ability to sense what is coming.
- B) the ability to detect early warning signals of environmental changes.
- C) a refusal to consult with others.
- D) a strong commitment to external environmental monitoring.

Explanation: The best CEOs are compulsively tuned to the external environment and seem to have a sixth sense that picks up anomalies and detects early warning signals which may represent key threats or opportunities. Although many CEOs may complain that the top job is a lonely one, they cannot do it effectively by sitting alone in their office. Instead, high-performing CEOs are constantly meeting with people and searching out information.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 27) Two non-competing global firms meet quarterly to discuss multiple perspectives on world trends. This is an example of how to improve
- A) stakeholder management.
- B) perceptual acuity.
- C) internal scanning.
- D) financial returns.

Answer: B

Explanation: Although many CEOs may complain that the top job is a lonely one, they cannot do it effectively by sitting alone in their office. Instead, high-performing CEOs are constantly meeting with people and searching out information. This helps them improve perceptual acuity.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Apply

- 28) Which of the following is *not* an input process to develop forecasts?
- A) environmental scanning
- B) competitor intelligence
- C) stakeholder management
- D) environmental monitoring

Explanation: Three important processes (scanning, monitoring, and gathering competitive

intelligence) are used to develop forecasts.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 29) Boards of directors use outsiders to critique their strategy. This is necessary mostly to improve
- A) financial returns.
- B) organizational hierarchy.
- C) perceptual acuity.
- D) employee relations.

Answer: C

Explanation: To improve perpetual acuity, two companies ask outsiders to critique strategy during their board strategy sessions. Such input typically leads to spirited discussions that provide valued input on the hinge assumptions and options that are under consideration. Once, the focus was on pinpointing the risk inherent in a certain strategy. Now, discussions have led to finding that the company was missing a valuable opportunity.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Analyze

- 30) When the management frame of reference gets out of touch with the realities of the actual business situation, what can happen to the firm?
- A) Management perceptual acuity improves.
- B) Management gets across-the-board raises.
- C) The company business strategy no longer works.
- D) It becomes easier to maintain competitive advantage.

Explanation: A company strategy may be good at one point in time, but it may go astray when the management frame of reference gets out of touch with the realities of the actual business situation. This situation results when management assumptions, premises, or beliefs are incorrect or when internal inconsistencies among them render the overall theory of the business invalid.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 31) Corporate retreats do not
- A) permit companies to discuss larger marketplace trends.
- B) guarantee positive consumer response to new products.
- C) give companies an opportunity to look beyond their own industries.
- D) oblige management to automatically change strategy.

Answer: B

Explanation: According to Ram Charan, an adviser to many Fortune 500 CEOs, improving perceptual acuity is an advantage that one CEO finds from getting together with his critical people for half a day every eight weeks to discuss what is new and what is going on in the world. The setting is informal, and outsiders often attend. The participants look beyond the lens of their industry because some trends that affect one industry may impact others later on.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Apply

- 32) Why must successful managers recognize opportunities and threats in their company external environment?
- A) If they miscalculate the market, opportunities will be lost.
- B) If they misread the market, they are likely to become rich.
- C) If they identify all of the environmental threats, they are guaranteed to acquire large market share.
- D) If they identify all of the environmental opportunities, they are guaranteed to acquire large market share.

Answer: A

Explanation: Successful managers must recognize opportunities and threats in their company external environment. They must be aware of what is going on outside their company. If they focus exclusively on the efficiency of internal operations, the firm may degenerate into the most efficient producer of buggy whips, typewriters, or carbon paper. But if they miscalculate the market, opportunities will be lost.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 33) The tenure of Ms. Marchionni as CEO of Lands' End was largely a result of her efforts to re-invent the apparel brand,
- A) resulting in an alignment with the company culture.
- B) resulting in an alignment with the customer base interests.
- C) resulting in conflicts with the customer base and the corporate culture.
- D) resulting in an alignment with the wholesome style brand of the company.

Answer: C

Explanation: One could attribute much of the failure of the tenure of Ms. Marchionni as CEO at Lands' End to her efforts to re-invent the apparel brand in a way that was in conflict with both its customer base as well as the family culture of the firm and wholesome style-as we discussed in in the opening case in Chapter 1.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-01 The importance of developing forecasts of the business environment.

Bloom's: Apply

- 34) _____ tracks the evolution of environmental trends, sequences of events, or streams of activities.
- A) Environmental scanning
- B) Environmental monitoring
- C) Environmental surveying
- D) Competitive intelligence

Answer: B

Explanation: Environmental monitoring tracks the evolution of environmental trends, sequences of events, or streams of activities. Monitoring enables firms to evaluate how dramatically environmental trends are changing the competitive landscape.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 35) Companies that are able to spot key trends in the environment know their business and most importantly know their
- A) suppliers.
- B) employees.
- C) customers.
- D) competitors.

Answer: C

Explanation: Experts agree that spotting key trends requires a combination of knowing your business and your customer as well as keeping an eye on what's happening around you. Such a big-picture/small-picture view enables you to better identify the emerging trends that will affect your business.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

- 36) Scanning the general environment would identify information on
- A) substitute goods.
- B) customer and firm bargaining power.
- C) the aging population and ethnic shifts.
- D) competitive rivalry.

Explanation: Environmental scanning involves surveillance of the external environment of a firm to predict environmental changes and detect changes already under way. This alerts the organization to critical trends and events before changes develop a discernible pattern and before competitors recognize them.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 37) Which of the following is *not*an example of corporate competitive intelligence?
- A) banks tracking home loans
- B) airlines changing hundreds of fares daily in response to competitor tactics
- C) consumers comparing product offers online
- D) car manufacturers offering sales incentives based on rival offers

Answer: C

Explanation: Corporate competitive intelligence is the activity of collecting and interpreting data on competitors, defining and understanding the industry, and identifying competitor strengths and weaknesses in order to avoid surprises by anticipating competitor moves and decreasing response time.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

- 38) Gathering competitive intelligence
- A) is illegal.
- B) is good business practice.
- C) is considered unethical.
- D) minimizes the need to obtain information in the public domain.

Answer: B

Explanation: Competitive intelligence (CI) helps firms define and understand their industry and identify strengths and weaknesses of rivals. This includes the intelligence gathering associated with collecting data on competitors and interpreting such data.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

39) Environmental forecasting does *not* involve plausible projections about the ______ of environmental change.

- A) direction
- B) scope
- C) speed
- D) lack of intensity

Answer: D

Explanation: Environmental forecasting involves the development of plausible projections about the direction, scope, speed, and intensity of environmental change. Its purpose is to predict change.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

- 40) When investors examine the performance of beauty products like Olay moisturizers and CoverGirl cosmetics, they are looking for
- A) indicators of emerging trends.
- B) accidental changes in behavior.
- C) supplier preferences.
- D) company management trends.

Answer: A

Explanation: Leading firms in an industry can also be a key indicator of emerging trends. For example, with its wide range of household goods, Procter & Gamble is a barometer for consumer spending. Any sign that it can sell more of its premium products without cutting prices sharply indicates that shoppers may finally be becoming less sensitive to pricing with everyday purchases. In particular, investors will examine the performance of beauty products like Olay moisturizers andCoverGirl cosmetics for evidence that spending on small, discretionary pick-me-ups is improving.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 41) Which of the following websites is *not* an example of one used routinely for corporate competitive intelligence gathering?
- A) Slideshare
- B) Ouora
- C) Duolingo
- D) YouTube

Answer: C

Explanation: Keeping track of competitors has become easier today with the amount of information that is available on the Internet. The following are examples of some websites that companies routinely use for competitive intelligence gathering: Slideshare, Quora, Ispionage, YouTube. Duolingo is a language-learning website.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

42) Executives must be careful to avoid spending	ng so much time and effort tracking the actions of
that they ignore	
A) competitors; customers	
B) customers; competitors	
C) traditional competitors; new competitors	

Explanation: A word of caution: Executives must be careful to avoid spending so much time and effort tracking the actions of traditional competitors that they ignore new competitors. Further, broad environmental changes and events may have a dramatic impact on company viability.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

D) existing customers; existing competitors

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 43) Banks and airlines are examples of two industries that track competitor offers continually. This is called the process of gathering
- A) consumer responses.
- B) competitive intelligence.
- C) past decisions.
- D) mainline information.

Answer: B

Explanation: Competitive intelligence is the activity of collecting and interpreting data on competitors, defining and understanding the industry, and identifying competitor strengths and weaknesses. Banks continually track home loan, auto loan, and certificate of deposit (CD) interest rates charged by rivals. Major airlines change hundreds of fares daily in response to competitors' tactics.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

- 44) Which of the following would *not* lead a manager to believe that an ethical concern exists?
- A) Have I done anything that coerced somebody to share this information?
- B) Have I done something to circumvent a system intended to secure or protect information?
- C) Is the contemplated technique for gathering information relevant?
- D) Have I misled anybody in order to gain access?

Explanation: The Code of Ethics Guide on Competitive Intelligence at United Technologies encourages managers and workers to ask themselves these five questions whenever they have ethical concerns. Collecting relevant information is not an ethical concern; however, this is a concern if the contemplated technique for gathering information is invasive.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

45) In 1977, Kenneth H. Olsen, then president of Digital Equipment Corp., announced that there was no reason for individuals to have a computer in their home. Long since disproven, this is an example of

A) poor forecasting of future consumer demand.

- B) overestimation of uncertainty.
- C) excellent forecasting.
- D) good prediction skills.

Answer: A

Explanation: In 1977, one of the colossal underestimations in business history occurred when Kenneth H. Olsen, president of Digital Equipment Corp., announced that there was no reason for individuals to have a computer in their home. The explosion in the personal computer market was not easy to detect in 1977, but it was clearly within the range of possibilities at the time.

Environmental forecasting involves the development of plausible projections about the direction, scope, speed, and intensity of environmental change. Its purpose is to predict change.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Apply

- 46) It is important to question the reliability of forecasts because
- A) if predictions are too low, a company like Motel 6 might build too many units and thus have a surplus of capacity.
- B) uncertainty is black and white, and therefore the gray areas are unimportant.
- C) underestimating uncertainty can lead to good competitive strategies.
- D) the growth new industries, such as that of telecommunications, cannot be predicted.

Answer: A

Explanation: Some forecasting issues are much more specific to a particular firm and the industry in which it competes. Consider how important it is for Motel 6 to predict future indicators, such as the number of rooms, in the budget segment of the industry. If its predictions are low, it will build too many units, creating a surplus of room capacity that would drive down room rates.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 47) A danger of forecasting discussed in the text is that
- A) in most cases, the expense of collecting the necessary data exceeds the benefit.
- B) the retrospective nature of forecasting provides little information about the future.
- C) it can create legal problems for the firm if regulators discover the company is making forecasts.
- D) managers may view uncertainty as black and white while ignoring important gray areas.

Answer: D

Explanation: A danger of forecasting is that managers may view uncertainty as black and white and ignore important gray areas. The problem is that underestimating uncertainty can lead to strategies that neither defend against threats nor take advantage of opportunities.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in

industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

- 48) PPG Industries, the Pittsburgh-based manufacturer of paints, coatings, optical products, specialty materials, chemicals, glass, and fiber glass suffered serious failures in 1986 and 1987 when it attempted to diversify its offers. It used a technique to help it identify possible future strategies. What was it?
- A) crowdsourcing
- B) competitive intelligence
- C) scenario analysis
- D) monitoring

Explanation: Scenario analysis is a more in-depth approach to forecasting. It draws on a range of disciplines and interests, among them economics, psychology, sociology, and demographics. It usually begins with a discussion of participant thoughts on ways in which societal trends, economics, politics, and technology may affect an issue. Developing strategies based on possible future scenarios seems to be paying off for PPG Industries. The company currently boasts a return on equity of 19.1 percent, and its stock had a total return of over 43 percent over the most recent 52-week period.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Top-Down Strategic Planning and Scenario Planning

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in

industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

- 49) SWOT analysis is a framework for analyzing the internal and external environment of a company. It consists of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats. According to a SWOT analysis, which of the following is *not* an aspect that the strategy of the firm must follow?
- A) build on its weaknesses
- B) remedy the weaknesses or work around them
- C) take advantage of the opportunities presented by the environment
- D) protect the firm from the threats

Answer: A

Explanation: The general idea of SWOT analysis is that company strategy must build on its strengths, remedy its weaknesses or work around them, take advantage of the opportunities presented by the environment, and protect the firm from the threats. Despite its apparent simplicity, the SWOT approach has been very popular. First, it forces managers to consider both internal and external factors simultaneously. Second, its emphasis on identifying opportunities and threats makes firms act proactively rather than reactively. Third, it raises awareness about the role of strategy in creating a match between the environmental conditions and the firm's internal strengths and weaknesses. Finally, its conceptual simplicity is achieved without sacrificing analytical rigor.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

50) Scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by and .

A) predictability; stability

B) low profit margins; stability

C) unpredictability; change

D) high profit margins; stability

Answer: C

Explanation: Scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in

industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

51) Scenario analysis draws on a range of disciplines and interests. It is a more	_ approach
to forecasting.	

- A) basic
- B) fundamental
- C) in-depth
- D) superficial

Explanation: Scenario analysis is a more in-depth approach to forecasting. It draws on a range of disciplines and interests, among them economics, psychology, sociology, and demographics.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 52) In the SWOT framework, _____ are the same for all firms in the same competitive environment.
- A) strengths and weaknesses
- B) strengths and opportunities
- C) weaknesses and threats
- D) opportunities and threats

Answer: D

Explanation: Opportunities and threats are environmental conditions external to the firm. These could be factors in either the general or the competitive environment. In the general environment, one might experience developments that are beneficial for most companies, such as improving economic conditions that lower borrowing costs, or trends that benefit some companies and harm others.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in

industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

53)	In the	SWOT	framework,	are interna	factors	that are	specific	to the	compa	any	٠.
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- A) strengths and opportunities
- B) strengths and threats
- C) threats and weaknesses
- D) strengths and weaknesses

Answer: D

Explanation: The strengths and weaknesses refer to the internal conditions of the firm in which a firm excels (strengths) and may be lacking relative to competitors (weaknesses).

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

54) Heightened concern with fitness might be a threat to some companies and an opportunity to others. In the SWOT framework, these are _____ environmental factors.

- A) internal
- B) external
- C) both internal and external
- D) not relevant external

Answer: B

Explanation: In the general environment, one might experience developments that are beneficial for most companies, such as improving economic conditions that lower borrowing costs, or trends that benefit some companies and harm others. An example is the heightened concern with fitness, which is a threat to some companies (e.g., tobacco) and an opportunity to others (e.g., health clubs).

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in

industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

55) By emphasizing the importance of identifying opportunities and threats, the SWOT framework makes firms act rather than A) quickly; slowly B) immediately; eventually C) proactively; reactively D) intelligently; uninformed
Answer: C
Explanation: Despite its apparent simplicity, the SWOT approach has been very popular. First, i forces managers to consider both internal and external factors simultaneously. Second, its emphasis on identifying opportunities and threats makes firms act proactively rather than reactively.
Difficulty: 2 Medium
Topic: SWOT Analysis
Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.
Bloom's: Understand
AACSB: Analytical Thinking
Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
56) SWOT analysis raises awareness about the role of strategy in creating a match between the environmental conditions and of the firm. A) internal opportunities and threats B) internal strengths and weaknesses C) internal strengths and opportunities D) internal weaknesses and opportunities
Answer: B
Explanation: The SWOT framework raises awareness about the role of strategy in creating a match between the environmental conditions and the internal strengths and weaknesses of the firm.
Difficulty: 2 Medium
Topic: SWOT Analysis
Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.
Bloom's: Understand

- 57) Steve Jobs, former chairman of Apple, demonstrated that _____ also are important in forecasting.
- A) character and ability
- B) intuition and judgment
- C) training and experience
- D) imagination and training

Answer: B

Explanation: While analysis is necessary, it is also equally important to recognize the role played by intuition and judgment. Steve Jobs, the legendary former chairman of Apple, took a very different approach in determining what customers really wanted. Jobs relied on his own intuition, his radar-like feel for emerging technologies and how they could be brought together to create insanely great products that ultimately made the difference. For Jobs, intuition was no mere gut call.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in

industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 58) Which of the following is *not* a correct usage of the SWOT framework?
- A) build on its strengths
- B) remedy the weaknesses or work around them
- C) take advantage of the opportunities presented by the environment
- D) protect the firm from environmental weaknesses

Answer: D

Explanation: The general idea of SWOT analysis is that a firm's strategy must build on its strengths, remedy its weaknesses or work around them, take advantage of the opportunities presented by the environment, and protect the firm from the threats.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: SWOT Analysis

Learning Objective: 02-03 Why scenario planning is a useful technique for firms competing in industries characterized by unpredictability and change.

Bloom's: Understand

59) The aging of the pop	oulation, cha	anges in	ethnic	composition,	and effects	of the	millennial
generation are	_ changes.						

A) macroeconomic

B) global

C) sociocultural

D) demographic

Answer: D

Explanation: Demographics include elements such as the aging population, rising or declining affluence, changes in ethnic composition, geographic distribution of the population, and disparities in income level.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 60) Larger numbers of women entering the work force since the early 1970s is an example of
- A) demographic changes.
- B) political and legal environmental changes.
- C) sociocultural changes.
- D) technological developments.

Answer: C

Explanation: Sociocultural forces influence the values, beliefs, and lifestyles of a society.

Examples include a higher percentage of women in the workforce.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 61) Emerging sociocultural changes in the environment include
- A) changes in the ethnic composition.
- B) the increasing educational attainment of women in the past decade.
- C) progressively less disposable income by consumers.
- D) changes in the geographic distribution of the population.

Answer: B

Explanation: Sociocultural forces influence the values, beliefs, and lifestyles of a society.

Examples include an increased educational attainment by women in the workplace.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 62) All of the following are important elements of the political and legal segment of the general environment *except*
- A) the deregulation of utilities.
- B) the increased use of Internet technology.
- C) the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).
- D) increases in the federally mandated minimum wage.

Answer: B

Explanation: Political processes and legislation influence environmental regulations with which industries must comply. Some elements of the political and legal arena include the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990, deregulation of utilities, and increases in the federally mandated minimum wage.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 63) Which of the following would be considered part of the general environment of a firm?
- A) decreased entry barriers
- B) higher unemployment rates
- C) increased bargaining power of the firm's suppliers
- D) increased competitive intensity

Answer: B

Explanation: The general environment is divided into six segments: demographic, sociocultural, political/legal, technological, economic, and global.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

64) Interest rate increases have a _____ impact on the residential home construction industry and a _____ effect on industries that produce consumer necessities such as prescription drugs or basic grocery items.

A) positive; negligible

B) negative; positive

C) negative; negligible

D) positive; negative

Answer: C

Explanation: Interest rate increases have a negative impact on the residential home construction industry but a negligible (or neutral) effect on industries that produce consumer necessities such as prescription drugs or common grocery items.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

65) In the general environment, many relationships exist among the various elements. General
environmental trends can have positive and negative impacts on various industries. For example
the aging population might have a impact on the health care industry and a
impact on the baby product industry. These are called impacts.
A) negative; positive; demographic
B) positive; negative; technological
C) negative; positive; sociocultural
D) positive: negative: demographic

Answer: D

Explanation: The general environment is divided into six segments: demographic, sociocultural, political/legal, technological, economic, and global. The aging population is a demographic trend that could positively affect the health care industry and negatively affect the baby product industry.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.
Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

66) In the general environment, which of the following is *not* a demographic trend?

A) aging population

- B) greater disparities in income levels
- C) changes in ethnic composition
- D) more women in the workforce

Answer: D

Explanation: The general environment is divided into six segments: demographic, sociocultural, political/legal, technological, economic, and global. The demographic segment of the general environment involves genetic and observable characteristics of a population, including the levels and growth of age, density, sex, race, ethnicity, education, geographic region, and income.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Understand

- 67) Research published in *Personnel Psychology* shows that older workers are slightly more willing to implement organizational changes than younger workers. This is an example of which segment of the general environment?
- A) economic
- B) demographic
- C) sociocultural
- D) political and legal

Explanation: Sociocultural forces influence the values, beliefs, and lifestyles of a society.

Examples include a higher percentage of women in the workforce, dual-income families, increases in the number of temporary workers, greater concern for healthy diets and physical fitness, greater interest in the environment, and postponement of having children.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance. Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

68) Professor Tamara Erickson says that members of different generations bring different experiences, assumptions, and benefits to the workforce. She believes companies can gain a great deal from creating a culture that welcomes workers of all ages and in which leaders address biases. This is an example of which segments of the general environment?

- A) economic
- B) demographic
- C) sociocultural
- D) political and legal

Answer: C

Explanation: Sociocultural forces influence the values, beliefs, and lifestyles of a society.

Examples include a higher percentage of women in the workforce, dual-income families, increases in the number of temporary workers, greater concern for healthy diets and physical fitness, greater interest in the environment, and postponement of having children.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance. Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 69) The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act require companies to disclose whether any tin, tantalum, tungsten or gold in their supply chain is connected to violent militia groups in the Congo or nine surrounding countries, including Angola, Rwanda, and Sudan. This is an example of which segment of the general environment?
- A) economic
- B) sociocultural
- C) political and legal
- D) demographic

Explanation: The general environment is divided into six segments: demographic, sociocultural, political/legal, technological, economic, and global. The political/legal segment of the general environment is concerned with how a society creates and exercises power, including rules, laws, and taxation policies.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 70) There are many challenges to complying with the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act to the tracking of materials from more than two million small scale or subsistence miners in the Eastern Congo. Modern supply-chain logistics are not very relevant in these environments. This is an example of which segment of the general environment?
- A) economic
- B) demographic
- C) sociocultural
- D) political and legal

Answer: D

Explanation: The general environment is divided into six segments: demographic, sociocultural, political/legal, technological, economic, and global. The political/legal segment of the general environment is concerned with how a society creates and exercises power, including rules, laws, and taxation policies.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Analyze

- 71) Data Analytics are being used by corporations to understand their customer purchasing patterns. This is an example of which segment of the general environment?
- A) economic
- B) demographic
- C) technological
- D) political and legal

Explanation: The general environment is divided into six segments: demographic, sociocultural, political/legal, technological, economic, and global. The technological segment of the general environment is concerned with the developments in technology that lead to new products/services. Technological developments and trends include genetic engineering, Internet technology, computer-aided design/computer-aided manufacturing, research in artificial and exotic materials, and on the downside, pollution and global warming.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 72) Genetic engineering has had a positive impact on the pharmaceutical industry. This is an example of which type of general environmental trend?
- A) economic
- B) demographic
- C) technological
- D) political and legal

Answer: C

Explanation: The general environment is divided into six segments: demographic, sociocultural, political/legal, technological, economic, and global. The technological segment of the general environment is concerned with the developments in technology that lead to new products/services. Technological developments and trends include genetic engineering, Internet technology, computer-aided design/computer-aided manufacturing, research in artificial and exotic materials, and on the downside, pollution and global warming.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.
Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 73) Which is considered a force in the five-forces model?
- A) increased deregulation in an industry
- B) the threat of government intervention
- C) recent technological innovation
- D) rivalry among competing firms

Answer: D

Explanation: The five-forces model describes the competitive environment in terms of five basic competitive forces: the threat of new entrants, the bargaining power of buyers, the bargaining power of suppliers, the threat of substitute products and services, and the intensity of rivalry among competitors in an industry.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 74) Airbnb, a room-sharing site, offers more rooms than Marriott. Goldman Sachs suggests that the supply of new rooms over the next two years will outpace the previous five even though the growth of American occupancy rates has begun to slow. Which competitive force is involved in this situation?
- A) the threat of favorable government policies
- B) the threat of new buyers
- C) the threat of new entrants
- D) the threat of proprietary products

Answer: C

Explanation: The threat of new entrants refers to the possibility that the profits of established firms in the industry may be eroded by new competitors. The extent of the threat depends on existing barriers to entry and the combined reactions from existing competitors. If entry barriers are high and/or the newcomer can anticipate a sharp retaliation from established competitors, the threat of entry is low. These circumstances discourage new competitors.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Apply

75) Which of the following firms would likely pose the *least* competitive threat?

- A) a firm in the same industry and in the same strategic group
- B) a competitor to your product where a high switching cost exists
- C) a firm that produces substitute goods to your product line
- D) a firm in the same industry and in the nearest strategic group looking to join your group

Answer: B

Explanation: The competitive threat of intense rivalry can result from lack of differentiation or switching costs. When switching costs are high, this threat is lowered.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 76) The threat of new entrants is high when there are
- A) high capital requirements.
- B) low economies of scale.
- C) high switching costs.
- D) high differentiation among competitor products and services.

Answer: B

Explanation: High entry barriers discourage new competitors. Among the major sources of entry barriers are economies of scale, product differentiation, capital requirements, and switching costs. Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

- 77) Product differentiation by incumbents act as an entry barrier because
- A) new entrants cannot differentiate their products.
- B) incumbents will take legal action if new entrants do not differentiate their products.
- C) it helps a firm to derive greater economies of scale.
- D) new entrants will have to spend heavily to overcome existing customer loyalties.

Answer: D

Explanation: When existing competitors have strong brand identification and customer loyalty, differentiation creates a barrier to entry by forcing entrants to spend heavily to overcome existing customer loyalties.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

78) Which of the following would be an entry barrier?

- A) easy access to raw materials
- B) low switching costs
- C) large economies of scale
- D) low capital requirements

Answer: C

Explanation: Among the major sources of entry barriers are economies of scale, product differentiation, capital requirements, switching costs, and access to raw materials and distribution channels.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Remember

- 79) An automobile manufacturer acquires a rental car company. This is an example of
- A) backward integration.
- B) forward integration.
- C) economies of scale.
- D) product differentiation.

Explanation: An example of forward integration in the text is an automobile manufacturer acquiring a rental car company. In this case, the automobile manufacturer is a potential competitor who is using forward integration to increase marketplace power.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 80) The bargaining power of the buyer is greater than that of the supplier when
- A) volume of purchase is low.
- B) the buyer profit margin is low.
- C) cost savings from the supplier's product are minimal.
- D) threat of backward integration by buyers is low.

Answer: B

Explanation: A buyer group is powerful when it is concentrated or purchases large volumes relative to seller sales, it earns low profits, or the buyers pose a credible threat of backward integration.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 81) Buyer power will be greater when
- A) the products purchased are highly differentiated.
- B) it is concentrated or when a buyer group purchases large volumes relative to seller sales.
- C) the industry product is very important to the quality of the buyer end products or services.
- D) there are high switching costs.

Explanation: A buyer group is powerful when it is concentrated or purchases large volumes relative to seller sales, the products it purchases from the industry are standard or undifferentiated, the buyer faces few switching costs, or the industry product is unimportant to the quality of the buyer products or services.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 82) The bargaining power of suppliers increases as
- A) threat of forward integration by suppliers increases.
- B) importance of buyers to supplier group increases.
- C) switching costs for buyers decrease.
- D) more suppliers enter the market.

Answer: A

Explanation: A supplier group will be powerful when the supplier group is dominated by a few companies and is more concentrated (few firms dominate the industry) than the industry it sells to; the industry is not an important customer of the supplier group; the supplier group products are differentiated or it has built up switching costs for the buyer; or the supplier group poses a credible threat of forward integration.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

- 83) New communication technology can impact seemingly unrelated industries such as the airline industry. This would be an example of a
- A) threat of entry.
- B) backward integration.
- C) threat of substitute products.
- D) forward integration.

Explanation: Identifying substitute products involves searching for other products or services that can perform the same function as the industry's offerings. This may lead a manager into businesses seemingly far removed from the industry. For example, the airline industry might not consider video cameras much of a threat. But as digital technology has improved and wireless and other forms of telecommunication have become more efficient, teleconferencing has become a viable substitute for business travel.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 84) The bargaining power of suppliers is enhanced under which following market condition?
- A) no threat of forward integration
- B) low differentiation of the supplier products
- C) greater availability of substitute products
- D) dominance by a few suppliers

Answer: D

Explanation: A supplier group will be powerful when the supplier group is dominated by a few companies and is more concentrated (few firms dominate the industry) than the industry it sells to; the supplier group is not obliged to contend with substitute products for sale to the industry; the supplier group products are differentiated or it has built up switching costs for the buyer; or the supplier group poses a credible threat of forward integration.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Analyze

- 85) In the five-forces model, conditions under which a supplier group can be powerful include all of the following *except*
- A) lack of importance of the buyer to the supplier group.
- B) high differentiation by the supplier.
- C) readily available substitute products.
- D) dominance by a few suppliers.

Explanation: A supplier group will be powerful when the supplier group is dominated by a few companies and is more concentrated (few firms dominate the industry) than the industry it sells to; the supplier group is not obliged to contend with substitute products for sale to the industry; the supplier group products are differentiated or it has built up switching costs for the buyer; or the industry is not an important customer of the supplier group.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 86) Because the Internet lowers barriers to entry in most industries, it
- A) decreases the threat of new entrants.
- B) increases supplier power.
- C) makes it easier to build customer loyalty.
- D) increases the threat of new entrants.

Answer: D

Explanation: In most industries, the threat of new entrants has increased because digital and Internet-based technologies lower barriers to entry. Internet businesses may enjoy savings on traditional expenses which may encourage more entrants who see an opportunity to capture market share by offering a product or performing a service more efficiently than existing competitors.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

87)	Apple uses its	power to pay no	more than 2 percent	of its sales a square t	foot in rent

- A) supplier
- B) competitor
- C) buyer
- D) restraining

Explanation: Apple has used its buyer power to pay no more than 2 percent of its sales a square foot in rent. That compares very favorably with a typical tenant, which pays as much as 15 percent, according to industry executives. In addition to paying a lower percentage of sales for rent, Apple does not pay additional rent if their sales exceed a particular level-a luxury not afforded other retail tenants.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

88) End users are not

- A) the final consumers in a distribution channel.
- B) the first customers in a distribution channel.
- C) likely to have greater bargaining power because of the Internet.
- D) usually the C in B2C.

Answer: B

Explanation: End users are the final customers in a distribution channel. Sales activity that is labeled B2C is concerned with end users. The Internet is likely to increase the power of these buyers, in part because the Internet provides large amounts of consumer information.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five

competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 89) Incumbent firms may enjoy increased bargaining power because the Internet
- A) focuses marketing efforts on end users.
- B) has reduced the number of wholesalers and distributors.
- C) increases channel conflict.
- D) diminishes the power of many distribution channel intermediaries.

Explanation: In some industries, buyer channel intermediaries are dominated by powerful players that control who gains access to the latest goods or the best merchandise. The Internet and wireless communications, however, make it much easier and less expensive for businesses to reach customers directly. Thus, the Internet may increase the power of incumbent firms relative to that of traditional buyer channels.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 90) Supplier power has increased because of the Internet for all the following reasons except
- A) the growth of new web-based businesses has created more outlets for suppliers to sell to.
- B) software that links buyers to a supplier's website has created rapid, low-cost order capabilities.
- C) the process of disintermediation makes it possible for some suppliers to reach end users directly.
- D) some suppliers have created web-based purchasing systems that encourage switching.

Answer: D

Explanation: Several factors contribute to stronger supplier power. First, web-based business may create more downstream outlets for suppliers to sell to. Second, web-based purchasing arrangements make purchasing easier and discourage customers from switching. Online procurement systems directly link suppliers and customers, reducing transaction costs and paperwork. Third, the use of proprietary software that links buyers to a supplier website may create a rapid, low-cost ordering capability that discourages the buyer from seeking other sources of supply. Finally, suppliers will have greater power to the extent that they can reach end users directly without intermediaries.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

- 91) In general, the threat of substitutes is heightened because the Internet
- A) lowers switching costs.
- B) lowers barriers to entry.
- C) introduces new ways to accomplish the same task.
- D) increases output per unit of cost.

Explanation: Along with traditional marketplaces, the Internet has created a new marketplace and a new channel. In general, therefore, the threat of substitutes is heightened because the Internet introduces new ways to accomplish the same tasks.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 92) How do infomediaries and consumer information websites increase the intensity of competitive rivalry?
- A) by shifting customers away from issues of price
- B) by consolidating the marketing message that consumers use to make a purchase decision
- C) by making competitors in cyberspace seem less equally balanced
- D) by highlighting unique selling advantages of a firm

Answer: B

Explanation: Some shopping infomediaries, such as CNET, not only search for the lowest prices on many different products but also rank the customer service quality of different sites that sell similarly priced items. They increase rivalry by consolidating the marketing message that consumers use to make a purchase decision into a few key pieces of information over which the selling company has little control.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 93) The value net is a game-theoretic approach that
- A) extends the value chain analysis.
- B) uses network analysis to understand the relationships among different companies.
- C) helps us to understand the evolution of the five forces over time.
- D) is a way to analyze how the interactions of all the players in a game affect the firm.

Explanation: Based on game-theoretic considerations, Brandenburger and Nalebuff recently introduced the concept of the value net, which in many ways is an extension of the five-forces analysis. The value net represents all the players in the game and analyzes how their interactions affect company ability to generate and appropriate value.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five

competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 94) In the value net analysis, complementors are
- A) firms that produce substitute products.
- B) firms that produce products that have a positive impact on company product value.
- C) customers who compliment the company for their good products and services.
- D) firms that supply critical inputs to a company.

Answer: B

Explanation: Complements typically are products or services that have a potential impact on the value of the products or services of that company. Those who produce complements are usually referred to as complementors. Powerful hardware is of no value to a user unless there is software that runs on it.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five

competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

95) Complements are products or services that have a potential impact on the	of the
products or services of that company.	

A) cost

B) availability

C) value

D) substitutability

Answer: C

Explanation: Complements typically are products or services that have a potential impact on the value of the products or services of that company. Those who produce complements are usually referred to as complementors.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 96) Nintendo built a security chip into its game console hardware and then licensed the right to develop games to outside firms. These firms paid a royalty to Nintendo for each copy of the game sold. This is an example of Nintendo using products.
- A) substitute
- B) complement
- C) unrelated
- D) differentiated

Answer: B

Explanation: The success of Nintendo in the early 1990s was a result of its ability to manage its relationship with its complementors. Nintendo built a security chip into the hardware and then licensed the right to develop games to outside firms. These firms paid a royalty to Nintendo for each copy of the game sold. The royalty revenue enabled Nintendo to sell game consoles at close to their cost, thereby increasing their market share, which, in turn, caused more games to be sold and more royalties to be generated.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 97) Elements of the five forces can be quantified. This is important for analyzing industry structure. Which of the following is *not* an example of an element that can be quantified?
- A) the percentage of the buyer total cost accounted for by the industry product
- B) the percentage of industry sales required to fill a plant or operate a logistical network to efficient scale
- C) the buyer switching cost
- D) the governmental regulatory policy

Explanation: The point of industry analysis is not to declare the industry attractive or unattractive but to understand the underpinnings of competition and the root causes of profitability. As much as possible, analysts should look at industry structure quantitatively, rather than be satisfied with lists of qualitative factors. Many elements of five forces can be quantified: the percentage of the buyer total cost accounted for by the industry product (to understand buyer price sensitivity); the percentage of industry sales required to fill a plant or operate a logistical network to efficient scale (to help assess barriers to entry); and the buyer switching cost (determining the inducement an entrant or rival must offer customers).

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-06 How the Internet and digitally based capabilities are affecting the five competitive forces and industry profitability.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 98) Strategic groups consist of a group of
- A) top executives that makes strategies for a company.
- B) executives drawn from different companies within an industry that makes decisions on industry standards.
- C) firms within an industry that decides to collude rather than compete with each other so that they can increase their profits.
- D) firms within an industry that follows similar strategies.

Answer: D

Explanation: Strategic groups are clusters of firms that share similar strategies. Rivalry tends to be greater among firms that are alike.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 99) Which of the following statements about strategic groups is *false*?
- A) Two assumptions are made: (1) no two firms are totally different, and (2) no two firms are exactly the same.
- B) Strategic groupings are of little help to a firm in assessing mobility barriers that protect a group from attacks by other groups.
- C) Strategic groups help chart the future directions of firm strategies.
- D) Strategic groups are helpful in thinking through the implications of each industry trend for the group as a whole.

Explanation: In an industry analysis, two assumptions are unassailable: (1) no two firms are totally different, and (2) no two firms are exactly the same. What value is the strategic group concept as an analytical tool? First, strategic groupings help a firm identify barriers to mobility that protect a group from attacks by other groups. They also help chart the future directions of firm strategies and are helpful in thinking through the implications of each industry trend for the strategic group as a whole.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance implications.

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

100) Strategic groups consist of firms that are more ______ to each other than firms that are not.

A) familiar

B) similar

C) friendly

D) useful

Answer: B

Explanation: In an industry analysis, two assumptions are unassailable: (1) No two firms are totally different, and (2) no two firms are exactly the same. The issue becomes one of identifying groups of firms that are more similar to each other than firms that are not, otherwise known as strategic groups.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

101) Strategic groups are clusters of firms that share _____ strategies.

A) differing

B) the same

C) similar

D) new

Answer: C

Explanation: Strategic groups are clusters of firms that share similar strategies.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

102) Classifying an industry into strategic groups involves judgment. If it is useful as an analytical tool, we must exercise caution in deciding what dimensions to use to map these firms. Dimensions include all of the following *except*

A) breadth of product and geographic scope.

B) price and quality.

C) degree of vertical integration.

D) management team.

Answer: D

Explanation: Classifying an industry into strategic groups involves judgment. If it is useful as an analytical tool, we must exercise caution in deciding what dimensions to use to map these firms. Dimensions include breadth of product and geographic scope, price/quality, degree of vertical integration, type of distribution (e.g., dealers, mass merchandisers, private label), and so on. Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

- 103) Referring to the textbook Exhibit 2.7 The World Automobile Industry: Strategic Groups, which strategic group is the largest in terms of breadth of product line?
- A) Ferrari, Lamborghini, Porsche
- B) Toyota, Ford, General Motors, Chrysler, Honda, Nissan
- C) Chery, Geely, Tata Motors
- D) Mercedes, BMW, Audi

Explanation: The final group (at the far right) consists of firms with a broad range of products and multiple price points. These firms have entries that compete at both the lower end of the market (e.g., the Ford Focus) and the higher end (e.g., Chevrolet Corvette).

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 104) Referring to the textbook Exhibit 2.7 The World Automobile Industry: Strategic Groups, which strategic group is the smallest in terms of breadth of product line?
- A) Hyundai, Kia
- B) Toyota, Ford, General Motors, Chrysler, Honda, Nissan
- C) Chery, Geely, Tata Motors
- D) Mercedes, BMW, Audi

Answer: C

Explanation: Three firms, Zhejiang Geely Holding Company, Chery Automobile Company, and Tata Motors have introduced models that bring new meaning to the term subcompact. These have the lowest breadth of product line and are at the lowest price.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 105) Referring to the textbook Exhibit 2.7 The World Automobile Industry: Strategic Groups, which strategic group consists of firms high in product pricing/quality and average in their product-line breadth?
- A) Ferrari, Lamborghini, Porsche
- B) Toyota, Ford, General Motors, Chrysler, Honda, Nissan
- C) Chery, Geely, Tata Motors
- D) Mercedes, BMW, Audi

Explanation: The third group (near the middle) consists of firms high in product pricing/quality and average in their product-line breadth. This includes Mercedes, BMW, and Audi.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

106) In 2014, Audi introduced the Q3 SUV at a base price of only \$32,500. And BMW, with its 1-series, is another well-known example. Such cars, priced in the low \$30,000s, compete more directly with products from broad-line manufacturers like Ford, General Motors, and Toyota. This suggests that members of a strategic group can overcome ______ barriers and migrate to other groups that they find attractive if they are willing to commit time and resources.

A) mobility

- B) competitive
- C) pricing
- D) cost

Answer: A

Explanation: In 2014, Audi introduced the Q3 SUV at a base price of only 32,500 USD. And BMW, with its 1-series, is another well-known example. Such cars, priced in the low 30,000 USD, compete more directly with products from broad-line manufacturers like Ford, General Motors, and Toyota. This suggests that members of a strategic group can overcome mobility barriers and migrate to other groups that they find attractive if they are willing to commit time and resources. Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

107) The strategic groups cond	cept is valuable for identifying g	roups with competitive
positions.		

A) marginal

B) exceptional

C) healthy

D) poor

Answer: A

Explanation: The strategic groups concept is valuable for determining mobility barriers across groups, identifying groups with marginal competitive positions, charting the future directions of firm strategies, and assessing the implications of industry trends for the strategic group as a whole.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

108) The strategic groups concept is valuable for charting the _____ directions of firm strategies.

A) historical

B) past

C) present

D) future

Answer: D

Explanation: The strategic groups concept is valuable for determining mobility barriers across groups, identifying groups with marginal competitive positions, charting the future directions of firm strategies, and assessing the implications of industry trends for the strategic group as a whole.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation 109) The strategic groups concept is valuable for assessing the implications of industry ______ for the strategic group as a whole.

A) trends

B) positions

C) experience

D) wealth

Answer: A

Explanation: The strategic groups concept is valuable for determining mobility barriers across groups, identifying groups with marginal competitive positions, charting the future directions of firm strategies, and assessing the implications of industry trends for the strategic group as a whole.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Strategic Group Models for Understanding Industry Rivals

Learning Objective: 02-07 The concept of strategic groups and their strategy and performance

implications.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Knowledge Application Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

110) Using the five-forces model, explain a potential reason why Alaska Airlines purchased Virgin America in December 2016.

Answer: Answers will vary.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Evaluate

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

111) Use the Quora website (www.quora.com) to study the African country of Ethiopia. According to the general environment factors listed in the textbook (demographic, sociocultural, political/legal, technological, economic, global), make a case for a company to include the country in its list of desirable customers. Be sure to define your company by industry.

Answer: Answers will vary.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.
Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

112) What is the difference between the demographic segment and the sociocultural segment in the list of general environment factors that impact the strategy and performance of a firm? Provide specific examples to support your discussion.

Answer: Answers will vary.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-04 The impact of the general environment on a firm's strategies and

performance.

Bloom's: Evaluate

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

113) Using the five-forces model, explain how the threat of new entrants might affect a U.S.-based manufacturer of lead acid batteries used for industrial storage.

Answer: Answers will vary.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Five Forces Model of Industry Attractiveness

Learning Objective: 02-05 How forces in the competitive environment can affect profitability, and how a firm can improve its competitive position by increasing its power vis-à-vis these forces.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

114) Fast fashion retailer success depends upon the ability to spot trends. Explain this in terms of environmental scanning, monitoring and collecting of competitive intelligence. Use an example to support your argument. Companies such as H&M and Zara fall into this category but there are many other competitors.

Answer: Answers will vary.

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Topic: Understanding a Firm's External Environment

Learning Objective: 02-02 Why environmental scanning, environmental monitoring, and

collecting competitive intelligence are critical inputs to forecasting.

Bloom's: Apply; Evaluate AACSB: Analytical Thinking