True / False

1. Accounts are records of increases and decreases in individual financial statement items.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

2. A chart of accounts is a listing of accounts that make up the journal.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

3. The chart of accounts should be the same for each business.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

4. Accounts payable are accounts that you expect will be paid to you.

False
Moderate
Bloom's: Remembering
ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
United States - OH - FN-Measurement
ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

5. Consuming goods and services in the process of generating revenues results in expenses.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

6. Prepaid expenses are an example of an expense.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-04-Cash vs. Accrual
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

7. The unearned revenue account is an example of a liability.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-04-Cash vs. Accrual
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

8. The drawing account is an expense.

e	•
a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

9. Accounts in the ledger are usually maintained in alphabetical order.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

10. Depending on the account title, the right side of the account is referred to as the credit side.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

11. To determine the balance in an account, always subtract credits from debits.

	•
a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

12. An account in its simplest form has three parts to it: a title, an increase side, and a decrease side.

a. True	•
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

13. The T account got its name because it resembles the letter "T."

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

14. The right-hand side of a T account is known as a debit and the left-hand side is known as a credit.

e	
a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

15. Debiting the cash account will increase the account.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

16. A credit to the cash account will increase the account.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

17. The cash account will always be debited.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

18. The recording of cash receipts to the cash account will be done by debiting the account.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

19. The recording of cash payments from the cash account is done by entering the amount as a credit.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

20. The balance of an account can be determined by adding all of the debits, adding all of the credits, and adding the amounts together.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

21. Liabilities are debts owed by the business entity.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-03-Business Forms
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

22. The accounts payable account is listed in the chart of accounts as an asset.

1 2	
a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-16-Current Liabilities Repor - APC-16-Current Liabilities Reporting
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.16 - Current Liabilities Reporting ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

23. A drawing account represents the amount of withdrawals made by the owner.

<b>C</b>	-
a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-03-Business Forms
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

24. Revenues are equal to the difference between cash receipts and cash payments.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-04-Cash vs. Accrual
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

25. Expenses result from using up assets or consuming services in the process of generating revenues.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

26. Owner's equity will be reduced by the amount in the drawing account.

a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER:		True
DIFFICULTY:		Moderate
		Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECT	IVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
		ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:		United States - IN - APC-03-Business Forms
ACCREDITING STAN	VDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
		ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms
		ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
		BUSPROG: Analytic

27. When an owner invests assets in the business, the capital account increases due to revenue being earned.

a. True

b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

28. When an account receivable is collected in cash, the total assets of the business increase.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-16-Current Assets Reporting
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.15 - Current Assets Reporting
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

29. When an account payable is paid with cash, the owner's equity in the business decreases.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01 ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-16-Current Liabilities Repor - APC-16-Current Liabilities Reporting
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.16 - Current Liabilities Reporting ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

30. For a month's transactions for a typical medium-sized business, the salary expense account is likely to have only credit entries.a. True

u. 1140	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

31. A debit is abbreviated as *Db* and a credit is abbreviated as *Cr*.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-05-Accounting Cycle
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

32. When a business receives a bill from the utility company, no entry should be made until the invoice is paid.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-16-Current Liabilities Repor - APC-16-Current Liabilities Reporting
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.ACBSP.APC.16 - Current Liabilities Reporting ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

33. For a month's transactions for a typical medium-sized business, the accounts payable account is likely to have only credit entries.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

34. Withdrawals decrease owner's equity and are listed on the income statement as a deduction from revenue.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

35. The normal balance of revenue accounts is a credit.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

36. The normal balance of an expense account is a credit.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

37. The normal balance of the drawing account is a debit.

a. True	C .
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

38. Expense accounts are increased by credits.

1	5
a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

39. The normal balance of a capital account is a debit.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.2-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

40. Revenue accounts are increased by credits.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

41. Liability accounts are increased by debits.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

42. Journalizing transactions using the double-entry bookkeeping system will eliminate fraud.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

43. Transactions are listed in the journal chronologically.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

44. Journalizing is the process of entering amounts in the ledger.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

45. The process of recording a transaction in the journal is called journalizing.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

46. Transactions are initially entered into a record called a journal.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

47. The double-entry accounting system records each transaction twice.

False
Easy
Bloom's: Remembering
ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
BUSPROG: Analytic

48. The increase side of an account is also the side of the normal balance.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

49. Journal entries include both debit and credit accounts for each transaction.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

50. A transaction that is recorded in the journal is called a journal entry.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

51. Assets are increased with debits and decreased with credits.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

52. Liabilities are increased with debits and decreased with credits.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

53. Debits will increase unearned revenues and revenues.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-04-Cash vs. Accrual
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

54. All owner's equity accounts record increases to the accounts with credits.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

55. Journalizing always eliminates fraudulent activity.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-01-Purpose
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

56. Journal entries can have more than two accounts as long as the debits equal the credits.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

57. Normal account balances are on the increase side of the accounts.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

58. The process of transferring data from the journal to the ledger accounts is called posting.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

59. The posting reference notation used in the ledger is the account number.

i	a. True	
1	b. False	
ANS	WER:	False
DIFI	FICULTY:	Easy
		Bloom's: Remembering
LEAT	RNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
STAT	TE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACC	REDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
		ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
		ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
		BUSPROG: Analytic

60. The posting reference notation used in the journal is the page number.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

61. A notation in the Post. Ref. column of the general journal indicates that the amount has been posted to the ledger.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

62. The order of the flow of accounting data is (1) record in the ledger, (2) record in the journal, and (3) prepare the financial statements.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-05-Accounting Cycle
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

63. The process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts is known as posting. a. True

b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic
	-

64. Postings made to standard account forms show a new balance after each entry.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

65. A group of related accounts that make up a complete unit is called a trial balance.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

66. A trial balance determines the accuracy of the numbers.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

67. Even when a trial balance is in balance, there may be errors in the individual accounts.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

68. The totals at the bottom of the trial balance and the totals at the bottom of the balance sheet both show equality and balancing and therefore should be equal.

a. True	-
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

69. A proof of the equality of debits and credits in the ledger at the end of an accounting period is called a balance sheet. a. True

a.	True
1	<b>F</b> 1

b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

70. If the trial balance is in balance, it can be assumed that all journal entries were posted correctly and no errors were made.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

71. Posting a part of a transaction to the wrong account will cause the trial balance totals to be unequal.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

72. The erroneous arrangement of digits, such as writing \$45 as \$54, is called a slide.

e	
a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

73. Journalizing a transaction with both the debit and the credit for \$69 instead of \$96 will cause the trial balance to be out of balance.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

74. The erroneous moving of an entire number one or more spaces to the right or left, such as writing \$85 as \$850, is called a transposition.

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER:	False
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

#### Multiple Choice

75. Accounts

a. do not reflect money amounts

b. are not used by entities that manufacture products

c. are records of increases and decreases in individual financial statement items

d. are only used by large entities with many transactions

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-01-Purpose
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

76. Accounts are classified in the ledger

- a. chronologically
- b. alphabetically
- c. in accordance with their appearance in the financial statements
- d. with the accounts used most often listed first

с

#### ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

77. Which of the following accounts is an owner's equity account?

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a. Cash	
b. Accounts Payable	
c. Prepaid Insurance	
d. Ross Morris, Capital	
ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

78. The gross increases in owner's equity attributable to business activities are called

a. assets	
b. liabilities	
c. revenues	
d. expenses	
ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

79. A chart of accounts is

- a. the same as a balance sheet
- b. usually a listing of accounts in alphabetical order
- c. usually a listing of accounts in financial statement order
- d. used in place of a ledger

ANSWER:	с
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-09-Financial Statements
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

80. The debit side of an account

- a. depends on whether the account is an asset, liability, or owner's equity
- b. can be either side of the account depending on how the accountant set up the system
- c. is the right side of the account
- d. is the left side of the account

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

- 81. An account is said to have a debit balance if
  - a. the amount of the debits exceeds the amount of the credits
  - b. there are more entries on the debit side than on the credit side
  - c. there are more entries on the credit side than on the debit side

d. the first entry of the accounting period was posted on the debit side

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

82. Which side of the account increases the cash account?

a. credit

b. neither a debit nor a credit

c. debit

d. either a debit or a credit

ANSWER:	с
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

83. Which statement(s) concerning cash is (are) true?

a. Cash will always have more debits than credits.

- b. Cash will never have a credit balance.
- c. Cash is increased by debiting.
- d. All of these choices.

С
Moderate
Bloom's: Understanding
ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
BUSPROG: Analytic

- 84. Which of the following is true about T accounts?
  - a. The left side of a T account is called the debit side.
  - b. The left side of a T account is called the credit side.
  - c. The right side of a T account is called the debit side.

d. Transactions are first recorded in T accounts and then posted to the journal.

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

85. A cash payment is recorded a. neither a debit nor a cred	
b. a credit	
c. a debit	
d. either a debit or a credit	
ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic
86. A list of the accounts used b a. journal	by a business is called the
b. chart of accounts	
c. T chart	
d. debit listing	
ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic
87. In the chart of accounts, the	balance sheet accounts are normally listed in which order?

- a. liabilities, assets, owner's equity
- b. assets, liabilities, owner's equity
- c. owner's equity, assets, liabilities
- d. assets, owner's equity, liabilities

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

88. In which order are the accounts listed in the chart of accounts?

- a. assets, expenses, liabilities, owner's equity, revenues
- b. owner's equity, assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses
- c. assets, liabilities, owner's equity, revenues, expenses
- d. assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, owner's equity

ANSWER:	С
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

89. Which are the parts of the T account?

a. title, date, total

b. date, debit side, credit side

- c. title, debit side, credit side
- d. title, debit side, total

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

90. The chart of accounts is designed to

a. alphabetize the accounts to make reading easier for financial statement users

b. organize accounts in order of dollar amount to simplify the accounting information for users

c. summarize the transactions and determine ending account balances

d. meet the information needs of a company's managers and other users of its financial statements

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

91. Which group of accounts is comprised of only assets?

- a. Cash, Accounts Payable, Buildings
- b. Accounts Receivable, Revenue, Cash
- c. Prepaid Expenses, Buildings, Patents
- d. Unearned Revenue, Prepaid Expenses, Cash

с

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

- 92. Which of the following is true about assets?
  - a. Assets include both physical and intangible items.
  - b. Assets include only physical items.
  - c. Assets are the personal property of the owner of the company.
  - d. Assets are the result of selling products or services to customers.

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

- 93. Which of the following is <u>not</u> considered to be a liability?
  - a. Wages Payable
  - b. Accounts Receivable
  - c. Unearned Revenue

d. Accounts Payable

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ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

94. Which of the following statements is **not** true about liabilities?

- a. Liabilities are debts owed to outsiders.
- b. Account titles of liabilities often include the term "payable."
- c. Cash received before a service is performed creates a liability.
- d. Liabilities do not include wages owed to employees of the company.

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

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95. Owner's equity will be redu	ced by all of the following <u>except</u>
a. revenues	
b. expenses	
c. withdrawals	
d. All of these choices	
ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

96. Expenses can result from

- a. increasing owner's equity
- b. consuming services
- c. using up liabilities

d. purchasing assets

ANSWER	•
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	-
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

b

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

97. Assume that you are creating a chart of accounts for a company. Each account number will have two digits. The first digit indicates the major account group to which the account belongs. Which of the following correctly identifies the major account groups typically represented by the numbers 1 through 5?

- a. 1-Assets, 2-Liabilities, 3-Owner's Equity, 4-Expenses, 5-Revenues
- b. 1-Assets, 2-Liabilities, 3-Owner's Equity, 4-Revenues, 5-Expenses
- c. 1-Assets, 2-Owner's Equity, 3-Revenues, 4-Expenses, 5-Drawing
- d. 1-Owner's Equity, 2-Drawing, 3-Revenues, 4-Expenses

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

98. A debit may signify a(n)

- a. decrease in asset accounts
- b. decrease in liability accounts
- c. increase in the capital account
- d. decrease in the drawing account

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

99. The accounts in the ledger of Monroe Entertainment Co. are listed below. All accounts have normal balances.

e				
Accounts Payable Accounts Receivable Prepaid Insurance Cash Drawing	\$1,500 1,800 2,000 3,200 1,200	Fees Earned Insurance Expense Land Wages Expense Capital	\$3,600 1,300 3,000 1,400 8,800	
Total assets are a. \$10,000 b. \$8,000 c. \$9,700 d. \$9,800				
ANSWER:	a			
RATIONALE:	Total Assets = Accounts Receivable + Prepaid Insurance + Cash + Land = \$1,800 + \$2,000 + \$3,200 + \$3,000 = \$10,000			
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Applying			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.	18.02-02 - 02-02		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	DS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic			
100. The balance of an account	•			
a. adding all of the debits to all of the credits				
b. always subtracting the debits from the credits				
c. always subtracting the credits from the debits				
d. adding all of the debits, adding all of the credits, and then subtracting the smaller sum from the larger sum				
ANSWER:	d			
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Under	standing		
LEARNING OR IECTIVES	ACCT WARD	18 02-02 - 02-02		

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

#### 101. Which of the following types of accounts have a normal credit balance?

- a. assets and liabilities
- b. liabilities and expenses
- c. revenues and capital
- d. capital and drawing

a. cupitai and drawing	
ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

- 102. Which of the following groups of accounts have a normal debit balance?
  - a. revenues, liabilities, and capital
  - b. capital and assets
  - c. liabilities and capital
  - d. assets and expenses

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

- 103. Which of the following statements is <u>not</u> a purpose for the journal?
  - a. to show increases and decreases in accounts
  - b. to show a chronological order by date
  - c. to show a complete transaction in one place
  - d. to help locate errors

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

104. A credit may signify a a. decrease in assets	
b. decrease in liabilities	
c. decrease in capital	
d. decrease in revenue	
ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic
105. A debit signifies a decrease	e in

a. assets b. expenses c. drawing d. revenues ANSWER: d DIFFICULTY: d Boom's: Understanding LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-02-02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

106. Which of the following applications of the rules of debit and credit is true?

a. decrease Prepaid Insurance with a credit and the normal balance is a credit

b. increase Accounts Payable with a credit and the normal balance is a debit

c. increase Equipment with a debit and the normal balance is a debit

d. decrease Cash with a debit and the normal balance is a credit

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

a. asset, credit

107. Which of the following describes the classification and normal balance of the fees earned account?

b. liability, credit	
c. owner's equity, debit	
d. revenue, credit	
ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

108. The classification and normal balance of the accounts payable account are

- a. asset, credit balance
- b. liability, credit balance
- c. owner's equity, credit balance
- d. revenue, credit balance

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

109. The classification and normal balance of the drawing account are

- a. expense, credit balance
- b. expense, debit balance
- c. liability, credit balance

d. owner's equity, debit balance

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement **BUSPROG:** Analytic

110. Which of the following accounts are debited to record increases?

- a. assets and liabilities
- b. drawing and liabilities
- c. expenses and liabilities

I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
d. assets and expenses	
ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

- 111. In which of the following types of accounts are increases recorded by credits?
  - a. revenues and liabilities
  - b. drawing and assets
  - c. liabilities and drawing
  - d. expenses and liabilities

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

112. In which of the following types of accounts are decreases recorded by debits?

- a. assets
- b. liabilities
- c. expenses
- d. drawing

		0	
ANSW	ER:		

**DIFFICULTY:** 

Easy Bloom's: Understanding LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement **BUSPROG:** Analytic

b

113. In which of the following types of accounts are decreases recorded by credits?

a. liabilities	
b. owner's equity	
c. assets	
d. revenues	
ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

114. A credit balance in which of the following accounts would likely indicate an error?

- a. Fees Earned
- b. Salary Expense
- c. Janet James, Capital

d. Accounts	Payable
-------------	---------

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

- 115. A debit balance in which of the following accounts would likely indicate an error?
  - a. Salaries Expense
  - b. Notes Payable
  - c. Edgar Martin, Drawing
  - d. Supplies

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

116. Which of the following entries records the payment of an account payable?

- a. debit Cash; credit Accounts Payable
- b. debit Accounts Receivable; credit Cash
- c. debit Cash; credit Supplies Expense
- d. debit Accounts Payable; credit Cash

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

- 117. Which of the following entries records the investment of cash by Taylor Thomas, owner of a proprietorship? a. debit Taylor Thomas, Capital; credit Accounts Receivable
  - b. debit Cash; credit Taylor Thomas, Capital
  - c. debit Taylor Thomas, Drawing; credit Cash

d. debit Cash; credit Taylor Thomas, Drawing

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

- 118. Which of the following entries records the payment of a bill for your insurance premium?
  - a. debit Prepaid Insurance; credit Cash
  - b. debit Insurance Payable; credit Accounts Receivable
  - c. debit Accounts Payable; credit Cash
  - d. debit Cash; credit Prepaid Insurance

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

119. Which of the following entries records the withdrawal of cash by Sally Anderson, owner of a proprietorship, for personal use?

- a. debit Sally Anderson, Capital; credit Cash
- b. debit Sally Anderson, Drawing; credit Cash
- c. debit Salaries Expense; credit Cash

d. debit Salaries Expense; credit Salaries Payable

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

120. Office supplies were sold by Janer's Cleaning Service at cost to another repair shop, with cash received. Which of the following entries for Janer's Cleaning Service records this transaction?

- a. Office Supplies, debit; Cash, credit
- b. Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit
- c. Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit
- d. Accounts Payable, debit; Office Supplies, credit

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

121. Office supplies purchased by Janer's Cleaning Service on account were returned. Which of the following entries for Janer's Cleaning Service records this transaction?

- a. Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit
- b. Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit
- c. Accounts Payable, debit; Office Supplies, credit
- d. Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit

ANSWER:	С
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

122. Cash was paid by Janer's Cleaning Service to creditors on account. Which of the following entries for Janer's Cleaning Service records this transaction?

- a. Cash, debit; Debbi Janer, Capital, credit
- b. Accounts Payable, debit; Cash, credit
- c. Accounts Receivable, debit; Cash, credit
- d. Accounts Payable, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

123. The process of initially recording a business transaction is called

125. The process of midally fee	
a. closing	
b. posting	
c. journalizing	
d. balancing	
ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

124. Which of the following entries records the acquisition of office supplies on account?

- a. Office Supplies, debit; Cash, credit
- b. Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit
- c. Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit
- d. Accounts Receivable, debit; Office Supplies, credit

ANSWER:	С
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

125. Which of the following entries records the payment of insurance for the current month?

- a. Cash, debit; Insurance Expense, credit
- b. Insurance Expense, debit; Cash, credit
- c. Insurance Expense, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

b

d. Prepaid Insurance, debit; Cash, credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Understanding
	C
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

126. Which of the following entries records the receipt of cash from clients on account?

- a. Accounts Payable, debit; Fees Earned, credit
- b. Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit
- c. Accounts Receivable, debit; Cash, credit

d. Cash, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

127. Which of the following entries records the collection of cash from cash customers?

- a. Fees Earned, debit; Cash, credit
- b. Fees Earned, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit
- c. Cash, debit; Fees Earned, credit

d. Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

128. Which of the following entries records the receipt of cash for two months' rent? The cash was received in advance of providing the service.

- a. Prepaid Rent, debit; Rent Revenue, credit
- b. Cash, debit; Unearned Rent, credit
- c. Cash, debit; Prepaid Rent, credit

d. Cash, debit; Rent Expense credit

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02 ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

129. A client has a massage and asks the company bookkeeper to mail her the bill. The bookkeeper should make which entry to record the invoice?

- a. no entry until the cash is received
- b. Fees Earned, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit
- c. Cash, debit; Fees Earned, credit
- d. Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

130. Which of the following abbreviations is correct?

- a. Debit, "Dr"; Credit, "Cd"
- b. Debit, "Db"; Credit, "Cr"
- c. Debit, "Db"; Credit, "Cd"

d. Debit, "Dr"; Credit, "Cr'	,
ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
	č
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

131. Which of the following is **not** a correct rule of debits and credits?

- a. Assets, expenses, and withdrawals are increased by debits.
- b. Assets are decreased by credits and have a normal debit balance.
- c. Liabilities, revenues, and owner's equity are increased by credits.

d. The normal balance for revenues and expenses is a credit.

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

132. Gently Laser Clinic purchased laser equipment for \$8,500 and paid \$2,250 down, with the remainder to be paid later. The correct entry would be

a. Equipment Cash	2,250	2,250		
b. Cash Accounts Payable	2,250 6,250	,		
Equipment	- ,	8,500		
c. Equipment Expense Accounts Payable Cash	8,500	2,250 6,250		
d. Equipment	8,500			
Accounts Payable		6,250		
Cash		2,250		
ANSWER:	d			
RATIONALE:	Equipment	8	8,500	
	Accou Cash	unts Payable		6,250 (\$8,500 – \$2,250) 2,250
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Ap	plying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WAR	2D.18.02-02 - 02-0	02	
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACB	SP.APC.06 - Reco A.FN.03 - Measu	ording T	

Chapter 2 Thatyzing Th	
a. chart of accounts	a transaction can first be found in the accounting records.
b. income statement	
c. balance sheet	
d. journal	
ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic
134. The process of recording a a. ledgerizing	transaction in the journal is called
b. journalizing	
c. posting	
d. summarizing	
ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic
135. Joshua Scott invests \$40,00 form?	00 into his new business. How would this transaction be entered in the journal in good
a. Cash	40,000
Joshua Scott, Capital Invested cash in b	40,000 usiness.
b. Cash	40,000
Joshua Scott, Loan Invested cash in bu	40,000 usiness.
c. Joshua Scott, Capital	40,000
Cash	. 40,000
Invested cash in bu	
d. Joshua Scott, Loan Cash	40,000 40,000
Invested cash in bu	
ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

136.

May	23	Cash	22,000	
		Scott Clark, Capital		22,000
		Invested cash in business.		

This journal entry will

a. increase Capital and decrease Cash

b. increase Cash and decrease Capital

c. increase Cash and increase Capital

d. decrease Cash and decrease Capital

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

137.	
N /	

May	24	Land	105,000	
		Cash		105,000
		Purchased land for business.		

What effects does this journal entry have on the accounts?

a. increase Cash and increase Land

b. increase Land and decrease Cash

c. decrease Cash and decrease Land

d. increase Cash and decrease Land

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

138.

Mar.	10	Accounts Payable	800	
		Cash		800
		Paid creditors on account.		

What effects does this journal entry have on the accounts?

a. decrease Accounts Payable, increase Cash

b. increase Cash, decrease Accounts Payable

c. increase Accounts Payable, increase Cash

d. decrease Accounts Payable, decrease Cash

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

139. Which of the following accounts would be increased with a credit?

- a. Land; Accounts Payable; Drawing
- b. Accounts Payable; Unearned Revenue; Collins, Capital
- c. Collins, Capital; Accounts Receivable; Unearned Revenue
- d. Cash; Accounts Receivable; Collins, Capital

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

140. In accordance with the debit and credit rules, which of the following is true?

- a. Debits increase assets.
- b. Credits increase assets.
- c. Debits increase both assets and capital.
- d. Credits increase both assets and liabilities.

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

141. All of the following accounts are increased with a debit except

- a. Unearned Revenue
- b. Land
- c. Accounts Receivable

d. Cash	
ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

142. Which of the following owner's equity accounts follows the same debit and credit rules as liabilities?

- a. expense accounts only
- b. drawing accounts only
- c. revenue accounts only
- d. expense and drawing accounts

ANSWER:	с
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

143. The payment for the monthly rent will require which of the following entries?

a. debit Cash and debit Rent Expense

b. credit Cash and credit Rent Expense

c. debit Rent Expense and credit Cash

d. credit Rent Expense and debit Cash

1	
ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

144. Expenses follow the same debit and credit rules as

- a. revenues
- b. the drawing account
- c. the capital account

d. liabilities	
ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic
145. Net income will result whe	n
a. revenues (credits) > expe	enses (debits)
b. revenues (debits) > exper	nses (credits)
c. expenses (credits) = reve	nues (debits)
d. revenues (credits) $=$ expe	enses (debits)
ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

146. Which of the following will increase owner's equity?

a. expenses > revenues

b. the owner draws money for personal use

c. revenues > expenses

d. cash is received from customers on account

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

147. Which of the following situations increases owner's equity?

- a. Supplies are purchased on account.
- b. Services are provided on account.
- c. Cash is received from customers on account.

d. Utility bill will be paid next month.

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

148. Which of the following groups of accounts is increased with a debit?

- a. assets, liabilities, owner's equity
- b. assets, drawing, expenses
- c. assets, revenues, expenses
- d. assets, liabilities, revenues

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

149. Which of the following groups of accounts increases with a credit?

- a. capital, revenues, expenses
- b. assets, capital, revenues
- c. liabilities, capital, revenues

d. None of these choices

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

150. Which of the following is true regarding normal balances of accounts?

- a. All accounts have a normal debit balance.
- b. The normal balance of all accounts will have either a positive or negative balance.
- c. Accounts that have a normal debit balance will only have debit entries, never credit entries.

d. The normal balance is on the increase side of the account.

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

151. Which of the following is **not** true with a double-entry accounting system?

- a. The accounting equation remains in balance.
- b. The sum of all debits is always equal to the sum of all credits in each journal entry.
- c. Each business transaction will have two debits.

d. Every transaction affects at least two accounts.

ANSWER:	с
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

152.

Mar.	6	Cash	2,500	
		Unearned Fees		2,500
		???????????		

What is the best explanation for this journal entry?

- a. Received cash for services performed.
- b. Received cash for services to be performed in the future.
- c. Paid cash in advance for services to be performed.
- d. Performed services for which cash is owed.

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

153.

Apr.	14	Equipment	15,000	
		Cash		5,000
		Notes Payable		10,000
		???????????		

Which is the best explanation for this journal entry?

a. Purchased equipment; paid cash of \$5,000, with the remainder to be paid in the future.

b. Purchased equipment; paid cash of \$10,000, with the remainder to be received in the future.

c. Purchased equipment with cash.

d. Purchased equipment on account.

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

154. The process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts is called

- a. sliding
- b. transposing
- c. journalizing

d. posting	
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ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

155. The posting process will include the transfer of which of the following data from the journal to the ledger?

a. date, amount (debit or credit)

b. date, amount (debit or credit), journal page number

c. amount (debit or credit), account number

d. date, amount (debit or credit) account number

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

156. The Posting Reference columns are used to trace transactions from the ledger to the journal. What will be entered in the Posting Reference column of (1) the journal and (2) the ledger?

- a. (1) the amount of the debit or credit and (2) the journal page number
- b. (1) the journal page number and (2) the date of the transaction
- c. (1) the journal page number and (2) the account number
- d. (1) the account number and (2) the journal page number

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

The chart of accounts for Corning Company includes the following:

Account Name	Account Number
Cash	11
Accounts Receivable	13
Prepaid Insurance	15
Accounts Payable	21
Unearned Revenue	24
Corning, Capital	31
Corning, Drawing	32
Fees Earned	41
Salaries Expense	54
Rent Expense	56

Page 3 of the journal contains the following entry:

Prepaid Insurance	1,530	
Cash		1,530

157. What is the posting reference that will be found in the cash account?

a. 11	
b. 15	
c. 3	
d. 13	
ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

158. What is the posting reference that will be found in the prepaid insurance account?

150. What is the posting referen	ice that will be found in the prepare insurance account
a. 11	
b. 15	
c. 3	
d. 13	
ANSWER:	с
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic
<ul> <li>159. What posting references was a. 15, 11</li> <li>b. 15, 3</li> <li>c. 11, 3</li> <li>d. 3, 15</li> </ul>	ill be found in the journal entry?
ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	<ul> <li>a. 11</li> <li>b. 15</li> <li>c. 3</li> <li>d. 13</li> </ul> ANSWER: DIFFICULTY: LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCREDITING STANDARDS: 159. What posting references w. <ul> <li>a. 15, 11</li> <li>b. 15, 3</li> <li>c. 11, 3</li> <li>d. 3, 15</li> </ul> ANSWER: DIFFICULTY:

160. The chart of accounts for Miguel Company includes the following:

Account Name	Account Number
Cash	11
Accounts Receivable	13
Prepaid Insurance	15
Accounts Payable	21
Unearned Revenue	24
Miguel, Capital	31
Miguel, Drawing	32
Fees Earned	41
Salaries Expense	54
Rent Expense	56

Page 3 of the journal contains the following transaction:

Cash	640	
Fees Earned		640

What posting references will be found in the journal entry?

a. 41, 3	
b. 3, 11	
c. 11, 41	
d. 11, 3	
ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

161. The chart of accounts for Miguel Company includes the following:

Account Name	Account Number
Cash	11
Accounts Receivable	13
Prepaid Insurance	15
Accounts Payable	21
Unearned Revenue	24
Miguel, Capital	31
Miguel, Drawing	32
Fees Earned	41
Salaries Expense	54
Rent Expense	56

Page 5 of the journal contains the following transaction:

Salaries Expense	525	
Cash		525

What is the posting reference that will be found in the salaries expense account?

	*
a. 5	
b. 11	
c. 54	
d. 21	
ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

162. Proof that the dollar amount of the debits equals the dollar amount of the credits in the ledger means

a. all of the information from the journal was correctly transferred to the ledger

b. all accounts have their correct balances in the ledger

c. only the journal is accurate; the ledger may be incorrect

d. only that the debit dollar amounts equal the credit dollar amounts

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

163. That the total dollar amount of the debits equals the total dollar amount of the credits in the ledger accounts can be verified through a(n)

- a. chart of accounts b. trial balance c. income statement d. balance sheet ANSWER: b DIFFICULTY: Moderate Bloom's: Remembering LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement **BUSPROG:** Analytic
  - 164. Randomly listed below are the steps for preparing a trial balance:
  - Verify that the total of the Debit column equals the total of the Credit column. (1)
  - List the accounts from the ledger and enter their debit or credit balance in the Debit or (2)Credit column of the trial balance.
  - List the name of the company, the title of the trial balance, and the date the trial balance (3) is prepared.
  - (4)Total the Debit and Credit columns of the trial balance.

What is the proper order of these steps?

a. (3), (2), (4), (1) b. (2), (3), (4), (1) c. (3), (2), (1), (4) d. (4), (3), (2), (1) ANSWER: а DIFFICULTY: Moderate Bloom's: Remembering LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement **BUSPROG:** Analytic

165. A trial balance is prepared to

- a. prove that there were no errors made in recording transactions into the journal
- b. prove that no errors were made in posting to the ledger
- c. prove that each account balance is correct

d. discover errors that affect the equality of debits and credits

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

166. The accounts in the ledger of Monroe Entertainment Co. are listed below. All accounts have normal balances.

Accounts Payable	\$1,500	Fees Earned	\$3,600
Accounts Receivable	1,800	Insurance Expense	1,300
Prepaid Insurance	2,000	Land	3,000
Cash	3,200	Wages Expense	1,400
Drawing	1,200	Capital	8,800

Prepare a trial balance. The total of the debits is

a. \$13,900b. \$11,200c. \$12,700

d. \$9,700

a

#### RATIONALE:

ANSWER:

a

#### Monroe Entertainment Co. Trial Balance

	Debit Balance	es Credit Balances
Accounts Payable		1,500
Accounts Receivable	1,800	
Prepaid Insurance	2,000	
Cash	3,200	
Drawing	1,200	
Fees Earned		3,600
Insurance Expense	1,300	
Land	3,000	
Wages Expense	1,400	
Capital		8,800
	13,900	13,900

DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

167. Which of the following is an internal report that will determine if debit balances equal credit balances in the ledger?

- a. chart of accounts
- b. income statement
- c. trial balance
- d. account reconciliation

ANSWER:	c
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

168. An overpayment error was discovered in computing and paying the wages of a Jamison Tree Trimming employee. When Jamison receives cash from the employee for the amount of the overpayment, which of the following entries will Jamison make?

- a. Cash, debit; Wages Expense, credit
- b. Wages Payable, debit; Wages Expense, credit
- c. Wages Expense, debit; Cash, credit
- d. Cash, debit; Wages Payable, credit

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

169. If the two totals of a trial balance are not equal, it could be due to

- a. failure to record a transaction
- b. recording the same erroneous amount for both the debit and the credit parts of a transaction
- c. an error in determining the account balances, such as a balance being incorrectly computed
- d. recording the same transaction more than once

ANSWER:cDIFFICULTY:Challenging<br/>Bloom's: UnderstandingLEARNING OBJECTIVES:ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04ACCREDITING STANDARDS:ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP<br/>ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements<br/>ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement<br/>BUSPROG: Analytic

170. When a transposition error is made on the trial balance, the difference between the debit and credit totals on the trial balance will be

a. zero

b. twice the amount of the transposition

- c. one-half the amount of the transposition
- d. divisible by 9

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04 ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

- 171. Which of the following errors, each considered individually, would cause the trial balance totals to be unequal?
  - a. A transaction was not posted.
  - b. A payment of \$67 for insurance was posted as a debit of \$76 to Prepaid Insurance and a credit of \$76 to Cash.
  - c. A payment of \$4,450 to a creditor was posted as a debit of \$4,500 to Accounts Payable and a credit of \$450 to Cash.
  - d. Cash received from customers on account was posted as a debit of \$720 to Cash and a credit of \$720 to Accounts Payable.

ANSWER:	С
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

172. Which of the following errors will cause the trial balance totals to be unequal?

- a. posting the debit portion of a journal entry incorrectly when the credit portion of the entry is correctly posted
- b. failure to record a transaction or to post a transaction
- c. recording the same transaction more than once

d. recording the same erroneous amount for both the debit and the credit parts of a transaction

ANSWER:	a
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

173. The trial balance is out of balance and the accountant suspects that a transposition or slide error has occurred. What will the accountant do to confirm this suspicion?

- a. Determine the amount of the error and look for that amount on the trial balance.
- b. Determine the amount of the error and divide by 2, then look for that amount on the trial balance.
- c. Determine the amount of the error and refer to the journal entries for that amount.
- d. Determine the amount of the error and divide by 9. If the result is evenly divided, then this type of error is likely.

ANSWER:	d
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

174. The purchase of supplies on account was recorded and posted as a debit to Supplies for \$500 and a credit to Accounts Receivable for \$500. The correcting entry would include a

- a. credit to Accounts Receivable for \$500
- b. credit to Accounts Receivable for \$1,000
- c. credit to Accounts Payable for \$500

d. credit to Accounts Payable for \$1,000

ANSWER:	с
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

175. Which of the following is **not** a useful step in finding errors on the trial balance?

- a. Determine the difference between debits and credits and look for the amount.
- b. Determine the difference between debits and credits and change any account to make the trial balance correct.
- c. Determine the difference between debits and credits, divide the amount by 2, and look for the amount.
- d. Determine the difference between debits and credits, divide the amount by 9, and if it divides evenly, look for a transposition or slide error.

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

176. Which of the following statements regarding a horizontal analysis is false?

- a. A horizontal analysis is used to compare an item in a current statement with the same item in prior statements.
- b. A horizontal analysis can be performed on a balance sheet and income statement, but not on a statement of cash flows.
- c. If Fees Earned in Year 1 is \$125,000 and Fees Earned in Year 2 is \$143,750, a horizontal analysis will indicate a 15% increase over this period.
- d. When two statements are compared in horizontal analysis, the earlier statement is used as the base for computing the amount and the percent of change.

ANSWER:	b
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Understanding
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-05 - 02-05
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

177. McNally Industries has a condensed income statement as shown.

	Year 2	Year 1
Sales	\$198,000	\$165,500
Total operating expenses	163,000	147,500
Net income	<u>\$ 35,000</u>	<u>\$ 18,000</u>

Using horizontal analysis, calculate the amount and percent change for sales. Round to one decimal place.

a. \$32,500, 19.6%	
b. \$18,000, 10.9%	
c. \$35,000, 17.7%	
d. \$17,000, 9.4%	
ANSWER:	a
RATIONALE:	Change in Sales = Sales in Year 2 – Sales in Year 1 = \$198,000 – \$165,500 = \$32,500 Percent Change in Sales = (Sales in Year 2 – Sales in Year 1)/Sales in Year 1 = (\$198,000 – \$165,500)/\$165,500 = 19.6%

DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-05 - 02-05
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

178. Richardson Company has a condensed income statement as shown.

	Year 2	Year 1
Sales	\$150,000	\$165,500
Total operating expenses	133,000	147,500
Net income	<u>\$ 17,000</u>	<u>\$ 18,000</u>

Using horizontal analysis, calculate the amount and percent change for sales. Round to one decimal place.

a. \$(17,000),	(11.3%)
----------------	---------

b.	\$(15,500),	(10.3%)
----	-------------	---------

c. \$(18,000),	(10.9%)
----------------	---------

d. \$(15,500), (9.4%)	
ANSWER:	d
RATIONALE:	Change in Sales = Sales in Year 2 – Sales in Year 1 = $150,000 - 165,500 = -15,500$ Percent Change in Sales = (Sales in Year 2 – Sales in Year 1)/Sales in Year 1 = ( $150,000 - 165,500$ )/ $165,500 = -9.4\%$
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-05 - 02-05
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

#### Matching

.

Match each of the following accounts with its proper account group from the groups listed below.

a. Assets	
b. Liabilities	
c. Owner's Equity	
d. Revenue	
e. Expenses	
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.13 - Long-term Assets Reporting
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.15 - Current Assets Reporting
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.16 - Current Liabilities Reporting
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

179. Unearned Rent ANSWER: b

180. Prepaid Insurance *ANSWER:* a

181. Fees Earned ANSWER: d

182. Patents ANSWER: a

183. Chris Clark, Drawing *ANSWER:* c

For each of the following accounts, indicate whether its normal balance is on the credit side or the debit side of the T account.

a. Credit side b. Debit side DIFFICULTY: Moderate Bloom's: Remembering LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02 STATE STANDARDS: United States - OH - APC-06-Recording Transactions ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

184. John Smith, Capital *ANSWER:* a

185. Accounts Receivable *ANSWER:* b

186. Accounts Payable *ANSWER:* a

187. Interest Earned ANSWER: a

188. Copyrights ANSWER: b

Several types of errors can be made during the journalizing and posting process. Match the following with their best description.

a. Trial balance preparation errors

b. Account balance errors

c. Posting errors

DIFFICULTY:	Challenging
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04
STATE STANDARDS:	United States - IN - APC-06-Recording Transactions
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

189. Balance incorrectly computed *ANSWER:* b

190. Debit or credit posting omitted *ANSWER*: c

191. Wrong amount posted to an account *ANSWER*: c

192. Column incorrectly added *ANSWER*: a

193. Balance entered on wrong side of account *ANSWER:* b

194. Amount incorrectly entered on trial balance *ANSWER*: a

195. Balance entered in wrong column or omitted *ANSWER*: a

196. Debit posted as credit, or vice versa *ANSWER*: c

#### Subjective Short Answer

197. The chart of accounts classifies the accounts to make identification of the accounts easier. Describe the numbering system businesses use in setting up the chart of accounts.

ANSWER:	A chart of accounts is set up by assigning two-digit numbers to each of the accounts for use as references. The first digit indicates the major account group of the ledger in which the account is located. Accounts beginning with 1 represent assets; 2, liabilities; 3, owner's equity; 4, revenue; 5, expenses. The second digit indicates the location of the account within its group. Large companies may have additional digits to accommodate a large number of accounts.
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

198. On January 1, Cassie Harris established a catering service. Listed below are accounts she would like to open in the general ledger. List the accounts in the order in which they should appear in the ledger and propose a two-digit account numbering scheme that is consistent with the rules of a proper chart of accounts.

- 1. Cash
- 2. Supplies
- 3. Equipment
- 4. Accounts Payable
- 5. Cassie Harris, Capital
- 6. Wages Expense
- 7. Rent Expense
- 8. Truck
- 9. Utilities Expense
- 10. Cassie Harris, Drawing
- 11. Truck Expense
- 12. Prepaid Insurance
- 13. Fees Earned
- 14. Miscellaneous Expense
- 15. Insurance Expense
- 16. Notes Payable
- 17. Accounts Receivable

ANSWER:	11 Cash
	12 Accounts Receivable
	13 Supplies
	14 Prepaid Insurance
	15 Equipment
	16 Truck
	21 Accounts Payable
	22 Notes Payable
	31 Cassie Harris, Capital
	32 Cassie Harris, Drawing
	41 Fees Earned
	51 Wages Expense
	52 Rent Expense
	53 Utilities Expense
	54 Truck Expense
	55 Insurance Expense
	56 Miscellaneous Expense
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic
	•

199. On January 31, the cash account balance was \$96,750. During January, cash receipts totaled \$305,000 and cash<br/>payments totaled \$375,880. Determine the cash balance on January 1.ANSWER:??? + \$305,000 - \$375,880 = \$96,750<br/>Cash balance at January 1 is \$167,630

	Cash balance at January 1 is $510/,030$
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

200. Organize the following accounts into the usual sequence of a chart of accounts.

Miscellaneous Expense Accounts Payable Accounts Receivable Cash Alecia Morris, Capital Fees Earned Prepaid Rent Salaries Expense Unearned Revenue Alecia Morris, Drawing

ANSWER:	Cash Accounts Receivable Prepaid Rent Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue Alecia Morris, Capital Alecia Morris, Drawing Fees Earned Salaries Expense Miscellaneous Expense
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01 ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

#### 201. Calculate the following:

(a) Determine the cash receipts for April based on the following data:

Cash payments during April	\$63,000
Cash account balance, April 1	25,500
Cash account balance, April 30	31,750

(b) Determine the cash received from customers on account during April based on the following data:

Accounts receivable acc	ount balance, April 1	\$22,500
Accounts receivable account balance, April 30		15,250
Fees billed to customers	during April	45,000
ANSWER:	(a) $\frac{69,250}{(31,750 + 63,000 - 50,0000 - 50,$	525,500)
	(b) $\frac{\$52,250}{\$52,250}$ ( $\$22,500 + \$45,000 - \$$	515,250)
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging	
	Bloom's: Applying	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01	
ACCREDITING STANDARDS	SACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP	
:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording T	ransactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement	
	BUSPROG: Analytic	

202. Selected accounts from the ledger of Garrison Company appear below. For each account, indicate the following:

(a) In the first column at the right, indicate the nature of each account, using the following abbreviations:

Asset - A Revenue - R Liability - L Expense - E None of the above - N

(b) In the second column, indicate the increase side of each account by inserting Dr. or Cr.

Account	<u>Type of</u>	Increase Side	
Account	Account		
(1) Supplies			
(2) Notes Receivable			
(3) Fees Earned			
(4) Garrison, Drawing			
(5) Accounts Payable			
(6) Salaries Expense			
(7) Garrison, Capital			
(8) Accounts Receivable			
(9) Equipment			
(10) Notes Payable			
ANCINED.		Trung of Apparent	

ANSWER:		Type of Account	Increase Side	
	(1)	А	Dr.	
	(2)	А	Dr.	
	(3)	R	Cr.	
	(4)	Ν	Dr.	
	(5)	L	Cr.	
	(6)	E	Dr.	
	(7)	Ν	Cr.	
	(8)	А	Dr.	
	(9)	А	Dr.	
	(10)	L	Cr.	
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate			
	Bloom's: Applyir	ng		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01			
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02			
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	5: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP			
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions			
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement			
	BUSPROG: Analytic			
		•		

203. All nine transactions for Dalton Survey Company for September, the first month of operations, are recorded in the following T accounts:

Cash		Michael Dalton, Capital			
(1)	20,000 (3)	7,500		(1)	20,000
(7)	6,900 (5)	2,600			
(9)	4,700 (6)	5,500			
	(8)	2,000			
Accounts Receivable		Michael Dalton, Drawing			
(4)	4,900 (9)	4,700	-	(8) 2,000	
	Supplies			Fees Earned	
(3)	7,500			(4)	4,900
				(7)	6,900
Equipment		Operating Expenses			
(2)	4,500		(6)	5,500	
	Accounts	s Payable			
(5)	2,600(2)	•	4,500		

Indicate the following for each debit and credit:

- (a) The type of account affected (asset, liability, capital, drawing, revenue, or expense).
- (b) The effect on the account, using "+" for increase and "-" for decrease.

Present your answers in the following form:

AccTransactionType	ount Debited oe <u>Effect</u>	Account Credited <u>Type</u> <u>Effect</u>			
ANSWER:	<b>Transaction</b>	<u>Account Debited</u> <u>Type</u>	Effect	<u>Account Credited</u> <u>Type</u>	Effect
	(1)	asset	+	capital	+
	(2)	asset	+	liability	+
	(3)	asset	+	asset	—
	(4)	asset	+	revenue	+
	(5)	liability	_	asset	_
	(6)	expense	+	asset	_
	(7)	asset	+	revenue	+
	(8)	drawing	+	asset	—
	(9)	asset	+	asset	-
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: App	olying			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		D.18.02-01 - 02-01 D.18.02-02 - 02-02			
ACCREDITING STANDARD	: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic				

204. On June 1, the cash account balance was \$96,750. During June, cash receipts totaled \$305,000 and the June 30 balance was \$75,880. Determine the cash payments made during June.

ANSWER:	\$75,880 = \$96,750 + \$305,000 - ? Cash Payments = <u>\$325,870</u>			
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Applying Easy			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-01 - 02-01 ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02			
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic			
205. On September 1, Erika Con	mpany purchased land for \$47,500 cash. Provide the journa	al entry for this transaction.		
ANSWER:	Sept. 1 Land	47,500		
	Cash	47,500		
	Purchased land for the company.			
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate			
	Bloom's: Applying			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02			
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic			
the invoice.	npany purchased supplies for \$1,800 on account. On Octo	ber 25, Nickle Company paid		
(a) Provide the journal entry for				
(b) Provide the journal entry for <i>ANSWER</i> :	· ·	1 800		
ANSWER:	(a) Oct. 10 Supplies Accounts Payable	1,800 1,800		
	Purchased supplies on account.	1,000		
	(b) Oct. 25 Accounts Payable	1,800		
	Cash	1,800		
	Paid for supplies on account.			
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Applying			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02			
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic			

207. On October 17, Nickle Company purchased a building and a plot of land for \$750,000. The building was valued at \$500,000 while the land carried a value of \$250,000. Nickle paid \$300,000 down in cash and signed a note payable for the balance. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

balance. Provide the journal en	ry for this transaction.	
ANSWER:	Oct. 17 Building Land	500,000 250,000
	Cash	300,000
	Notes Payable	450,000
	Purchased building and land	450,000
	with cash down payment.	
DIFFICILITY		
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Applying	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02	
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactio ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic	ns
	ompany made a cash payment of \$200,000 on a i . Provide the journal entry for this transaction.	note payable that was generated in the
ANSWER:	Nov. 1 Notes Payable	200,000
	Cash	200,000
	Made payment on note payable.	
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate	
	Bloom's: Applying	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02	
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactio	ons
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement	
	BUSPROG: Analytic	
209. On January 7, Damien Lav journal entry for this transaction	wson invests \$45,000 to initiate the operation of l	his business, JumpStart. Provide the
ANSWER:	Jan. 7 Cash	45,000
	Damien Lawson, Capital Invest cash in JumpStart.	45,000
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate	
	Bloom's: Applying	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02	
ACCREDITING STANDARDS.	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactio	ns
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement	
	BUSPROG: Analytic	
	•	

210. On January 8, Damien Lawson transfers ownership of several pieces of office equipment to his new business, JumpStart. When new, these items were worth \$72,500. The fair market value of the equipment is \$60,000. Journalize this transfer.

ANSWER:	Jan. 8 (	Dffice Equipment Damien Lawson, Capital Invested equipment in business.	60,000	60,000
		nien may have paid \$72,500 for red into the company at fair ma		
DIFFICULTY:	Challengin Bloom's: A	g		400,000
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WA	RD.18.02-02 - 02-02		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:		CPA.FN.03 - Measurement	sactions	
211. On August 30, JumpStart i Payment to the landlord fo Payment to Gas & Electric Payment of employee wag Payment of shopping cent	or August rea c Company f ges for the la	nt, \$2,300 for August bill, \$525 ist half of August, \$1,750		
Journalize these payments as on	e compound	l journal entry.		
ANSWER:	Aug. 30	Rent Expense Utilities Expense Wages Expense Maintenance Expense Cash	2,300 525 1,750 275	4,850
		Paid expenses.		
DIFFICULTY:	Challengin Bloom's: A	•		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WA	RD.18.02-02 - 02-02		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.AC	BSP.APC.06 - Recording Tran PA.FN.03 - Measurement		
212. On October 30, Damien La	awson withd	raws \$3,330 from JumpStart fo	or personal use. Jou	rnalize this event.
ANSWER:	Oct. 30	Damien Lawson, Drawing Cash Withdrew cash for personal use.	3,330	3,330
DIFFICULTY:	Easy Bloom's: A	pplying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WA	RD.18.02-02 - 02-02		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:		CPA.FN.03 - Measurement	sactions	

**D**-Decrease

**I-Increase** 

213. For the following, mark a "D" if the following account normally has a debit balance and mark a "C" if the following account normally has a credit balance.

1. Notes Payable	
2. Mortgage Payable	
3. Drawing	
4. Accounts Receivable	
5. Capital	
6. Rent Revenue	
7. Unearned Income	
8. Utility Expense	
9. Automobiles	
ANSWER:	1.C 2.C 3.D 4.D 5.C 6.C 7.C 8.D 9.D
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

214. Several transactions are listed below, with the accounting equation stated to the right side of each. Use the following identification codes to indicate the effects of each transaction on the accounting equation. Write your answers in the space provided under the accounting equation. You need an identification code for **each** element of the accounting equation. An example is given before the first transaction.

NE-No Effect

1 mereuse	D Deereuse	-		Liiteet		
		Assets	=	<u>Liabilities</u>	+	Owner's <u>Equity</u>
Example	John Smith invests in					
	his new business by					
	giving it his personal					
	drill press valued at					
	\$3,500.	Ι		<u>NE</u>		I
(a)	Cash sales are made.					
(b)	Equipment is					
	purchased on credit.					
(c)	Payment is made for					
	the equipment					
	purchased on credit in					
	(b).					
(d)	The company sold					
	excess supplies to					
	another company on					
	credit.					
(e)	Cash is collected					
	from customers for					
	accounts receivable					
	balances.					

### ANSWER:

ANSWER:			Assets	=	<u>Liabilities</u>	+	Owner's Equity
	(a)	Cash sales are made.	Ι		NE		Ι
	(b)	Equipment is purchased on credit.	Ι		Ι	_	NE
	(c)	Payment is made for the equipment purchased on credit					
		in (b).	D		D	_	NE
	(d)	The company sold excess supplies to another company on					
		credit.	NE		NE	-	NE
	(e)	Cash is collected from customers for accounts receivable					
		balances.	NE		NE	_	NE
DIFFICULTY:	Mode Bloor	erate n's: Applying					
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACC	T.WARD.18.02-02 - 02	2-02				
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	<ul> <li>ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP</li> <li>ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements</li> <li>ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement</li> <li>BUSPROG: Analytic</li> </ul>						
215. Journalize the following fi	ve tran	esactions for Nexium &	Associates	Inc	. Omit expla	natio	ons.

215. Journalize the following five transactions for Nexium & Associates, Inc. Omit explanations.
Mar. 1 Bills are sent to clients for services provided in February in the amount of \$800.

- 9 Corner Office, Inc. delivers office furniture (\$1,060) and office supplies (\$160) to Nexium leaving an invoice for \$1,220.
- 15 Payment is made to Corner Office, Inc. for the furniture and office supplies delivered on March 9.
- A bill for \$430 for electricity for the month of March is received and will be paid on its due date in April.
- 31 Salaries of \$850 are paid to employees.

ANSWER:	Mar. 1	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue	800	800
	9	Office Furniture Office Supplies Accounts Payable	1,060 160	1,220
	15	Accounts Payable Cash	1,220	1,220
	23	Electricity Expense Accounts Payable	430	430
	31	Salaries Expense Cash	850	850
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's:			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.W	ARD.18.02-02 - 02-02		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.AI	CBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions CPA.FN.03 - Measurement G: Analytic		

216. Increases and decreases in various types of accounts are listed below. In each case, indicate by "Dr." or "Cr." (a) whether the change in the account would be recorded as a debit or a credit and (b) whether the normal balance of the account is a debit or a credit.

		(a) Recorded <u>As</u>	(b) Normal <u>Balance</u>
(1)	Increase in Denice Dickenson, Capital		
(2)	Increase in Denice Dickenson, Drawing		
(3)	Decrease in Accounts Receivable		
(4)	Increase in Notes Payable		
(5)	Increase in Accounts Payable		
(6)	Decrease in Supplies		
(7)	Decrease in Salaries Expense		
(8)	Increase in Accounts Receivable		
(9)	Increase in Cash		
(10)	Decrease in Land		

ANSWER:		(a) Recorded As	(b) Normal Balance			
	(1)	Cr.	Cr.			
	(2)	Dr.	Dr.			
	(3)	Cr.	Dr.			
	(4)	Cr.	Cr.			
	(5)	Cr.	Cr.			
	(6)	Cr.	Dr.			
	(7)	Cr.	Dr.			
	(8)	Dr.	Dr.			
	(9)	Dr.	Dr.			
	(10)	Cr.	Dr.			
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate					
	Bloom's: Applying					
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02	2-02 - 02-02				
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC	2.02 - GAAP				
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC	2.06 - Recording Transact	ions			
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement					
BUSPROG: Analytic						
217. Record the following selec	ted transactions for A	pril in a two-column jour	nal, identifying each entry by letter:			

- (a) Received \$18,000 from Katie Long, owner.
- (b) Purchased equipment for \$27,000, paying \$10,000 in cash and giving a note payable for the remainder.
- (c) Paid \$2,300 for rent for April.
- (d) Purchased \$1,500 of supplies on account.
- (e) Recorded \$9,800 of fees earned on account.
- (f) Received \$7,500 in cash for fees earned.
- (g) Paid \$1,200 to creditors on account.
- (h) Paid wages of 3,425.
- (i) Received \$7,900 from customers on account.
- (j) Recorded owner's withdrawal of \$1,875.

ANSWER:

umui	01 \$1,075.		
(a)	Cash Katie Long, Capital	18,000	18,000
(b)	Equipment Cash Notes Payable	27,000	10,000 17,000
(c)	Rent Expense Cash	2,300	2,300
(d)	Supplies Accounts Payable	1,500	1,500
(e)	Accounts Receivable Fees Earned	9,800	9,800
(f)	Cash Fees Earned	7,500	7,500

	-	ccounts Payable Cash	1,200	1,200	
		ages Expense Cash	3,425	3,425	
	. ,	ash Accounts Receivable	7,900	7,900	
		atie Long, Drawing Cash	1,875	1,875	
DIFFICULTY:	Challer Bloom	nging 's: Applying			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT	.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02			
ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic					
218. On January 12, JumpStart	purchas	ed \$870 in office supplies.			
(a) Journalize this transaction as	s if Jum <sub>l</sub>	pStart paid cash.			
(b) Journalize this transaction a	s if Jum	pStart placed it on account.			
	•	amount due. Journalize this event.			
ANSWER:	(a) Jan. 12	2 Office Supplies	870		
	Jan. 12	Cash	870	870	
	(b)				
	Jan. 12	2 Office Supplies Accounts Payable	870	870	
	(c) Jan. 18	g Accounts Payable Cash	870	870	
DIFFICULTY:	Moder Bloom	ate 's: Applying			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02			
	ACCT ACCT	ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transaction AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement ROG: Analytic	ons		

219. On November 10, JumpStart provides \$2,900 in services to clients. At the time of service, the clients paid \$600 in cash and put the balance on account.(a) Journalize this event.

(b) On November 20, JumpStart's clients paid an additional \$900 on their accounts due. Journalize this event.

(c) Calculate the accounts receivable balance on November 30.						
ANSWER:	(a) Nov. 10	Cash	600			
		Accounts Receivable	2,300			
		Fees Earned		2,900		
	(b) Nov. 20	Cash	900			
		Accounts Receivable		900		
	(c)			2,900		
	•	Original invoice				
		Less cash paid upon completion				
	Origin	Original amount on accounts receivable Less November 20 payment				
	Less N					
	Accou	nts receivable balance	<u>\$</u> :	1,400		
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging					
	Bloom's: Ap	plying				
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WAR	RD.18.02-02 - 02-02				
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACB	SP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions				
	ACCT.AICF	PA.FN.03 - Measurement				
	BUSPROG:	Analytic				

220. Prepare a journal entry for the purchase of a truck on April 4 for \$85,700, paying \$15,000 cash and the remainder on account. Omit explanation.

ANSWER:	Apr. 4	Truck		85,700	
			Cash		15,000
			Accounts Payable		70,700
DIFFICULTY:	Easy				
	Bloom's: A	pplying			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WA	ARD.18.(	02-02 - 02-02		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.AC	BSP.AP	C.04 - Cash vs. Accrual		
	ACCT.AC	BSP.AP	C.06 - Recording Transactions		
	ACCT.AIC	CPA.FN.	03 - Measurement		
	BUSPROC	3: Analyt	tic		

Jan.

221. Journalize the following selected transactions for January. Explanations may be omitted.

- 1 Received cash from the investment made by the owner, \$14,000.
  - 2 Received cash for providing accounting services, \$9,500.
  - 3 Billed customers on account for providing services, \$4,200.
  - 4 Paid advertising expense, \$700.
  - 5 Received cash from customers on account, \$2,500.
  - 6 Owner withdrew \$1,010.
  - 7 Received telephone bill, \$900.
  - 8 Paid telephone bill, \$900.

Date	Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit

### ANSWER:

Date	Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
Jan. 1	Cash		14,000	
	Owner, Capital			14,000
2	Cash		9,500	
	Revenues			9,500
3	Accounts Receivable		4,200	
	Revenues			4,200
4	Advertising Expense		700	
	Cash			700

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5	Cash	2,500	
	Accounts Receivable		2,500
6	Owner, Drawing	1,010	
	Cash		1,010
7	Telephone Expense	900	
	Accounts Payable		900
8	Accounts Payable	900	
	Cash		900

**DIFFICULTY:** 

Moderate

Bloom's: ApplyingLEARNING OBJECTIVES:ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02ACCREDITING STANDARDS:ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions<br/>ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement<br/>BUSPROG: Analytic

222. On December 1, JumpStart provides \$2,800 in services to clients.

(a) Journalize this event as if the clients had paid cash at the time the services were rendered.

(b) Journalize this event as if the clients had placed this on account.

(c) Assume that the clients paid \$1,200 of the amount on account on December 30. Journalize this transaction.						
ANSWER:	(a)	Dec. 1	Cash	2,800		
			Fees Earned		2,800	
	(b)	Dec. 1	Accounts Receivable	2,800		
			Fees Earned		2,800	
	(c)	Dec. 30	Cash	1,200		
			Accounts Receivable		1,200	
DIFFICULTY:	Mod	lerate				
	Bloo	om's: Applying				
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACO	CT.WARD.18	.02-02 - 02-02			
ACCREDITING STANDARDS.	ACO	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions				
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement					
	BUS	SPROG: Analy	vtic			

223. Analyze the following transactions as to their effect on the accounting equation.

- (a) The company paid \$725 to a vendor for supplies purchased previously on account.
- (b) The company performed \$850 of services and billed the customer.
- (c) The company received a utility bill for \$395 and will pay it next month.
- (d) The owner of the company withdrew \$145 of supplies for personal use.
- (e) The company paid \$315 in salaries to its employees.
- (f) The company collected \$730 of cash from its customers on account.

Some of the possible effects of a transaction on the accounting equation are listed below

- (1) Assets, Dr.; Assets, Cr.
- (2) Assets, Dr.; Owner's Equity, Cr.
- (3) Assets, Dr.; Liabilities, Cr.
- (4) Assets, Dr.; Revenue, Cr.
- (5) Liabilities, Dr.; Assets, Cr.
- (6) Drawing, Dr.; Assets, Cr.
- (7) Expense, Dr.; Assets, Cr.
- (8) Expense, Dr.; Liabilities, Cr.

Put the appropriate letter next to each transaction.

ANSWER:		Transaction	Effect on A	ccounting Equation
		(a)		5
		(b)		4
		(c)		8
		(d)		6
		(e)		7
		(f)		1
DIFFICULTY:	Challengin	g		
	Bloom's: A	-		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WA	RD.18.02-02 - 02-02		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.AC	BSP.APC.02 - GAAP		
		BSP.APC.06 - Recording Trans	sactions	
		CPA.FN.03 - Measurement		
	BUSPROC	: Analytic		
		2		
224. Prepare a journal entry on	October 12	for the fees earned on account,	\$14,600. Omit ex	planation.
ANSWER:	Oct. 12	Accounts Receivable	14,600	
		Fees Earned		14,600
DIFFICULTY:	Challengin	g		
	Bloom's: A	-		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WA	RD.18.02-02 - 02-02		
	ACCT.WA	RD.18.02-03 - 02-03		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.AC	BSP.APC.06 - Recording Trans	sactions	
		CPA.FN.03 - Measurement		
	BUSPROC	: Analytic		
		-		

225. Journalize the five transactions for Mirmax Rentals described below.

- Aug.1Mirmax purchases two new saws on credit at \$425 each. The saws are added to Mirmax's rental<br/>inventory. Payment is due in 30 days.
  - 8 Mirmax accepts advance deposits for tool rentals of \$125 that will be applied to the cash rental when the tools are returned.
  - 15 Mirmax receives a bill from Macon Utility Company for \$180. Payment is due in 30 days.
  - 20 Customers are charged \$1,250 by Mirmax for tool rentals. Payment is due from the customers in 30 days.
  - 31 Mirmax receives \$600 in payments from the customers that were billed for rentals on August 20.

ANSWER:	Aug. 1	Equipment Accounts Payable	850	850
	8	Cash Unearned Revenue	125	125
	15	Utilities Expense Accounts Payable	180	180
	20	Accounts Receivable Rental Revenue	1,250	1,250
	31	Cash Accounts Receivable	600	600
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's:	e Applying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		VARD.18.02-02 - 02-02 VARD.18.02-03 - 02-03		

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

226. The bookkeeper for Brockton Industries prepared the following journal entries and posted the entries to the general ledger as indicated in the T accounts presented. Assume that the dollar amounts and the descriptions of the entries are correct.

July	3	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Customers were billed completed.	for services	1,000 1,000
	11	Cash Accounts Receivable Payment is received fr billed for services on J		500 500
	12	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased office suppl payment is due in 30 d		600 600
	25	Office Furniture Cash Payment is made for o received on July 25.	ffice furniture	700 700
	Accounts	Receivable	Service Rev	venue
7/3	1,000	7/3	1,000 7/11	500
		Cash		nts Payable
	7/11	500 7/25 700	7/12 600	
	Office 7/12	Supplies600	Office Furn 7/25 700	iture

### Required

If you assume that all journal entries have been recorded correctly, use the above information to:

(1) Identify the postings to the general ledger that were made incorrectly.

(2) Describe how the each incorrect posting should have been made.

ANSWER:	<ul> <li>(1) The bookkeeper incorrectly posted the July 3, July 11, and 12 journal entries.</li> <li>(2) For the July 3 journal entry, the \$1,000 credit to Service Revenue should have been posted to the Service Revenue account as a credit, not as a debit. For the July 11 journal entry, the \$500 credit should be posted to Accounts Receivable, not to Service Revenue. For the July 12 journal entry, the \$600 credit to Accounts Payable should have been posted as a credit, not as a debit.</li> </ul>
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

227. State for each account whether it is likely to have (a) debit entries only, (b) credit entries only, or (c) both debit and credit entries when recording business transactions during the month. Also, indicate the normal balance of each account.

1. 2.	Fees Earned Utilities Expense		4. 5.	Supplies Cash
3.	Accounts Payable		6.	Accounts Receivable
ANSV	VER:	1. Credit entri	es only	y, normal credit balance
		2. Debit entrie	es only	, normal debit balance
		3. Both debit	and cre	edit entries, normal credit balance
		4. Both debit	and cre	edit entries, normal debit balance
		5. Both debit	and cre	edit entries, normal debit balance
		6. Both debit	and cre	edit entries, normal debit balance
DIFF	TICULTY:	Challenging		
		Bloom's: Appl	ying	
LEAF	RNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARE	0.18.02	-02 - 02-02
		ACCT.WARD	0.18.02	-03 - 02-03
ACCI	REDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSI	P.APC.	.02 - GAAP
		ACCT.ACBSI	P.APC.	.06 - Recording Transactions
		ACCT.AICPA	.FN.03	3 - Measurement
		BUSPROG: A	nalytic	2

228. On January 1, Merry Walker established a catering service. Listed below are accounts to use for transactions (a) through (d), each identified by a number. Following this list are the transactions that occurred during the first month of operations. You are to indicate for each transaction the accounts that should be debited and credited by placing the account number(s) in the appropriate box.

- 1. Cash
- 2. Accounts Receivable
- 3. Supplies
- 4. Prepaid Insurance
- 5. Equipment
- 6. Truck
- 7. Notes Payable
- 8. Accounts Payable
- 9. Merry Walker, Capital
- 10. Merry Walker, Drawing
- 11. Fees Earned
- 12. Wages Expense
- 13. Rent Expense
- 14. Utilities Expense
- 15. Truck Expense
- 16. Miscellaneous Expense

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a. Merry transferred cash from a personal bank		
account to an account to be used for the business.		
b. Paid rent for the period of January 3 to the end of		
the month.		
c. Purchased truck for \$30,000 with a cash down		
payment of \$5,000 and the remainder on a note.		
d. Purchased equipment on account.		

ANSWER:

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a.	1	9
b.	13	1
с.	6	1,7
d.	5	8

DIFFICULTY:

Challenging

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

Bloom's: Applying ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02

ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement **BUSPROG:** Analytic

229. On January 1, Merry Walker established a catering service. Listed below are accounts to use for transactions (a) through (e), each identified by a number. Following this list are the transactions that occurred in Walker's first month of operation. You are to indicate for each transaction the accounts that should be debited and credited by placing the account number(s) in the appropriate box.

- 1. Cash
- Accounts Receivable 2.
- 3. Supplies
- 4. **Prepaid Insurance**
- Equipment 5.
- Truck 6.
- 7. Notes Payable
- Accounts Payable 8.
- 9. Merry Walker, Capital
- 10. Merry Walker, Drawing
- 11. Fees Earned
- 12. Wages Expense
- Rent Expense 13.
- 14. **Utilities Expense**
- 15. Truck Expense
- Miscellaneous Expense 16.
- 17. Insurance Expense

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a. Purchased supplies for cash.		
b. Paid the annual premiums on		
property and casualty insurance.		
c. Received cash for a job previously		
recorded on account.		
d. Paid a creditor a portion of the		
amount owed for equipment		
previously purchased on account.		
e. Received cash for a completed		
job.		

ANSWER:

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a.	3	1
b.	4	1
с.	1	2
d.	8	1
e.	1	11

**DIFFICULTY:** 

Challenging Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02 ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement **BUSPROG:** Analytic

230. On January 1, Merry Walker established a catering service. Listed below are accounts to use for transactions (a) through (f), each identified by a number. Following this list are the transactions that occurred in Walker's first month of operations. You are to indicate for each transaction the accounts that should be debited and credited by placing the account number(s) in the appropriate box.

- 1. Cash
- 2. Accounts Receivable
- 3. **Supplies**
- Prepaid Insurance 4.
- 5. Equipment
- Truck 6.
- Notes Payable 7.
- Accounts Payable 8.
- Merry Walker, Capital 9.
- Merry Walker, Drawing 10.
- Fees Earned 11.
- Wages Expense 12.
- 13. Rent Expense
- **Utilities Expense** 14.
- Truck Expense 15.
- 16. Miscellaneous Expense
- 17. Insurance Expense

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a. Recorded jobs completed on		
account and sent invoices to		
customers.		
b. Received an invoice for truck		
expenses to be paid in February.		
c. Paid utilities expense		
d. Received cash from customers on		
account.		
e. Paid employee wages.		
f. Withdrew cash for personal use.		

ANSWER:

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a.	2	11
b.	15	8
с.	14	1
d.	1	2
e.	12	1
f.	10	1

**DIFFICULTY:** 

Challenging Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02 ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement **BUSPROG:** Analytic

231. Listed below are accounts to use for transactions (a) through (d), each identified by a number. Following this list are the transactions. You are to indicate for each transaction the accounts that should be debited and credited by placing the account number(s) in the appropriate box.

- 1. Cash
- 2. Accounts Receivable
- 3. Office Supplies
- Land 4.
- 5. Interest Receivable
- 6. Building
- 7. Accumulated Depreciation-Building
- Depreciation Expense—Building 8.
- 9. Accounts Payable
- 10. **Interest Payable**
- **Insurance** Payable 11.
- 12. Utilities Expense
- Notes Payable 13.
- **Prepaid Insurance** 14.
- 15. Service Revenue
- Owner, Capital 16.
- Insurance Expense 17.
- 18. Interest Expense
- 19. Office Supplies Expense
- 20. Unearned Service Revenue
- 21. Owner, Drawing

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a. Utility bill is received; payment will		
be made in 10 days.		
b. Paid the utility bill previously		
recorded in transaction (a).		
c. Bought a three-year insurance		
policy and paid in full.		
d. Received \$7,000 from a contract to		
perform accounting services over the		
next two years.		

ANSWER: Account(s) Credited Transactions Account(s) Debited 12 9 9 1 b. 14 1 d. 1 20 **DIFFICULTY:** Challenging Bloom's: Applying ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

232. The following two situations are independent of each other.

1. On June 1, the cash account balance was \$45,750. During June, cash payments totaled \$243,910, and the June 30 balance was \$53,200. Determine the cash receipts during June and show your calculation.

2. On March 1, the supplies account balance was \$1,800. During March, supplies of \$2,450 were purchased, and supplies of \$630 were on hand as of March 31. Determine the supplies expense for March and show your calculation.

ANSWER:	1. \$53,200 = \$45,750 + Cash Receipts - \$243,910 Cash Receipts = \$251,360
	2. \$630 = \$1,800 + \$2,450 - Supplies Expense Supplies Expense = \$3,620
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate
	Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-02 - 02-02
	ACCT.WARD.18.02-03 - 02-03
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

233. Journalize the entries to correct the following errors:

- (a) A purchase of supplies for \$500 on account was recorded and posted as a debit to Supplies for \$200 and as a credit to Accounts Receivable for \$200.
- (b) A receipt of \$2,500 from Fees Earned was recorded and posted as a debit to Fees Earned for \$2,500 and a credit to Cash for \$2,500.

ANSWER:	(a) Accounts Receivable Supplies	200	200
	Supplies Accounts Payable	500	500
	(b) Cash Fees Earned	5,000	5,000

DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Ap	plving		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		RD.18.02-04 - 02-04		
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions			
		PA.FN.03 - Measurement		
	BUSPROG:	Analytic		
		formed by his accountant that \$550 of Prepare the journal entry to correct this		on recording the purchase of
ANSWER:	Nov. 30	Office Equipment	550	
ANSWER.	100.30	Office Supplies	550	550
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging			
2	Bloom's: Ap	plying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	-	RD.18.02-04 - 02-04		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACB	SP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions		
		A.FN.03 - Measurement		
	BUSPROG:	Analytic		
225 The following errors took t	nlaca in journ	alizing and posting transactions:		
255. The following errors took j	place in journa	anzing and posting transactions.		
		, owner of the business, was recorded		
as a debit to Office Expense		t to Cash. 800 was recorded as a debit to Cash		
b. An accounts receivable pa and a credit to Fees Earned		soo was recorded as a debit to Cash		
Journalize the entries to correct	the errors. O	mit the explanations.		
ANSWER:	a. Stan No	orton, Drawing	5,000	
		Office Expense		5,000
	b. Fees Ea	rned	7,800	
		Accounts Receivable	7,000	7,800
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate			
	Bloom's: Ap	plying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WAR	RD.18.02-04 - 02-04		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACB	SP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions		
ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement				
	BUSPROG:	-		
		ered individually, indicate whether the		
total is higher and by how much		the trial balance totals to be unequal,	mulcate wh	emer the debit of credit
total is inglier and by now much				

- a. Payment of a cash withdrawal of \$6,800 was journalized and posted as a debit of \$8,600 to Salaries Expense and a credit of \$8,600 to Cash.
- b. A fee of \$9,780 earned was debited to Accounts Receivable for \$7,980 and credited to Fees Earned for \$9,780.
- c. A payment of \$3,000 to a creditor was posted as a credit of \$3,000 to Accounts Payable and a credit of \$3,000 to Cash.

#### ANSWER:

- a. The totals are equal.
  - b. The totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by \$1,800.
  - c. The totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by \$6,000.

DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Applying
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04 ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

237. Below is the unadjusted trial balance for Dawson Designs Co.

#### Required

(1) Identify the errors in the trial balance. All accounts have normal balances.

(2) Prepare a corrected trial balance.

Dawson Designs Co. Unadjusted Trial Balance For the Month of January			
	<b>Debit Balances</b>	Credit Balances	
Cash	23,000		
Accounts Receivable		49,700	
Prepaid Insurance	11,300		
Equipment	150,500		
Accounts Payable	6,050		
Salaries Payable		4,250	
Tim Dawson, Capital		110,000	
Tim Dawson, Drawing		18,500	
Service Revenue		236,600	
Salary Expense	98,930		
Miscellaneous Expense		4,970	
	424,020	424,020	

ANSWER:

(1)

- a. The Debit column is added incorrectly; the sum is actually \$289,780.
- b. The trial balance should be dated January 31, rather than "For the Month of January"
- c. The Accounts Receivable balance should be in the Debit column.
- d. The Accounts Payable balance should be in the Credit column.
- e. The Tim Dawson, Drawing balance should be in the Debit column.
- f. The Miscellaneous Expense balance should be in the Debit column.

$(\mathbf{n})$
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(2)				
Dawson Designs Co. Unadjusted Trial Balance				
Debit Balances Credit Balances				
Cash	23,000			
Accounts Receivable	49,700			
Prepaid Insurance	11,300			
Equipment	150,500			
Accounts Payable		6,050		
Salaries Payable		4,250		
Tim Dawson, Capital		110,000		
Tim Dawson, Drawing	18,500			
Service Revenue		236,600		
Salary Expense	98,930			
Miscellaneous Expense	4,970			
	<u>356,900</u>	<u>356,900</u>		

### DIFFICULTY:

Moderate Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT ACBSP APC 09 - Financial Statemet

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

238. Prepare a trial balance, listing the following accounts in proper sequence. The accounts (all normal balances) were taken from the ledger of Sophie Designs Co. on April 30.

Accounts Payable	\$ 4,100	Rent Expense	\$11,500
Accounts Receivable	3,450	Salary Expense	14,000
Cash	6,700	Fees Earned	45,425
Sophie Dawson, Capital	17,800	Supplies	3,125
Sophie Dawson, Drawing	7,500	Supplies Expense	1,700
Equipment	14,500	Utilities Expense	4,000
Miscellaneous Expense	850		

### ANSWER:

### Sophie Designs Co. Trial Balance April 30

	-	Debit Balances I	Credit
	Cash	6,700	Datatices
	Accounts Receivable	3,450	
	Supplies	3,125	
	Equipment	14,500	
	Accounts Payable	14,500	4,100
	Sophie Dawson, Capital		17,800
	Sophie Dawson, Drawing	7,500	17,000
	Fees Earned	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	45,425
	Salary Expense	14,000	
	Rent Expense	11,500	
	Utilities Expense	4,000	
	Supplies Expense	1,700	
	Miscellaneous Expense	850	
		<u>67,325</u>	<u>67,325</u>
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate		
	Bloom's: Applying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic		

239.

(a) List the errors in the following trial balance. All accounts have normal balances.

(b) What would be the new totals in the Debit and Credit columns after errors are corrected? What would be the balance of Accounts Receivable?

### Winslow's Auto Body Trial Balance For Month Ending April 30

	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash		19,475
Accounts Receivable	?	
Supplies		1,000
Equipment	15,000	
Prepaid Insurance		500
Accounts Payable		2,500
Thad Winslow, Capital	17,000	
Thad Winslow, Drawing		1,000
Fees Earned		49,600
Salary Expense	14,500	
Rent Expense		9,000
Utilities Expense	1,400	
Supplies Expense	3,900	
Miscellaneous Expense	250	
	<u>55,000</u>	<u>81,575</u>

ANSWER:	(a)	<ol> <li>(1)</li> <li>(2)</li> <li>(3)</li> <li>(4)</li> <li>(5)</li> <li>(6)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(8)</li> <li>(9)</li> </ol>	In the heading, the date should be April 30; not for a period of time. The Cash balance should be a debit. The Accounts Receivable balance is missing. The Supplies balance should be a debit. The Prepaid Insurance balance should be a debit and this account should follow Accounts Receivable. The Thad Winslow, Capital balance should be a credit. The Thad Winslow, Drawing balance should be a debit. Rent Expense should be a debit. The trial balance does not balance.		
	(b)	fees o	new total for credits would be \$69,100 (\$2,500 accounts payable + \$49,600 earned + \$17,000 capital). The debits would also total \$69,100. Accounts vable would be \$3,075 (\$69,100 total credits - \$66,025 corrected debits).		
DIFFICULTY:	Chal	lengin	g		
	Bloo	om's: A	pplying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACC	CT.WA	ARD.18.02-04 - 02-04		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACC	CCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle			
			BSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements		
	ACC	CT.AIC	CPA.FN.03 - Measurement		
	BUS	PROC	G: Analytic		

240. Answer the following questions for each of the errors listed below, considered individually:

- (a) Did the error cause the trial balance totals to be unequal?
- (b) What is the amount of the difference between the trial balance totals (where applicable)?
- (c) Which of the trial balance totals, debit or credit, is the larger (where applicable)?

Present your answers in columnar form, using the following headings:

Error	Totals	<b>Difference in Totals</b>	Larger of Totals
(identifying number)	<u>(equal or unequal)</u>	<u>(amount)</u>	(debit or credit)

Errors:

- (1) A withdrawal of \$3,000 cash by the owner was recorded by a debit of \$3,000 to Salary Expense and a credit of \$3,000 to Cash.
- (2) A \$650 purchase of supplies on account was recorded as a debit of \$1,650 to Equipment and a credit of \$1,650 to Accounts Payable.
- (3) A purchase of equipment for \$3,450 on account was not recorded.
- (4) An \$870 receipt on account was recorded as an \$870 debit to Cash and a \$780 credit to Accounts Receivable.
- (5) A payment of \$1,530 cash on account was recorded only as a credit to Cash.
- (6) Cash sales of \$8,500 were recorded as a credit of \$8,500 to Cash and a credit of \$8,500 to Fees Earned.
- (7) The debit to record a \$4,000 cash receipt on account was posted twice; the credit was posted once.
- (8) The credit to record a \$300 cash payment on account was posted twice; the debit was posted once.
- (9) The debit balance of \$7,400 in Accounts Receivable was recorded in the trial balance as a debit of \$7,200.

ANSWER:	<u>Error</u>	<u>Totals</u>	<b>Difference in Totals</b>	Larger of Totals
	(1)	equal		
	(2)	equal	—	
	(3)	equal	—	—
	(4)	unequal	\$ 90	debit
	(5)	unequal	1,530	credit
	(6)	unequal	17,000	credit
	(7)	unequal	4,000	debit
	(8)	unequal	300	credit
	(9)	unequal	200	credit
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging			
	Bloom's: App	lying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARI	D.18.02-04 -	02-04	
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBS	P.APC.05 -	Accounting Cycle	
			Financial Statements	
	ACCT.AICPA	A.FN.03 - M	leasurement	
	BUSPROG: A	nalytic		

241. Set up T accounts for Cash; Accounts Receivable; Supplies; Accounts Payable; Clay Potter, Capital; Clay Potter, Drawing; Professional Fees; and Operating Expenses.

- (a) In the T accounts, record the following transactions of Potter Pool Services for June, identifying each entry by number:
  - (1) Potter invested \$12,500 cash in the business.
  - (2) Purchased supplies on account, \$6,250.
  - (3) Paid operating expenses, \$5,500.
  - (4) Billed clients for fees, \$7,440.
  - (5) Received cash from cash clients, \$4,700.
  - (6) Paid creditors on account, \$1,400.
  - (7) Received \$3,100 from clients on account.
  - (8) Withdrew \$1,500 cash for personal use.
- (b) Prepare a trial balance as of June 30 for Potter Pool Services.
- (c) Assuming that supplies expense (which has not been recorded) amounts to \$1,500 for June, determine the following:
  - (1) Net income for the month.
  - (2) Owner's equity as of June 30.

ANSWER:

ANSWER:	(a)					
	(u)	Cash			Clay Potter	, Capital
	(1)	12,500 (3)	5,500		(1)	12,500
	(5)	4,700 (6)	1,400		Ì.	
	(7)	3,100 (8)	1,500			
	Bal.	11,900				
		nts Receivable			lay Potter, Dr	awing
	(4)	<u>7,440</u> (7)	3,100	(8)	1,500	
	Bal.	4,340				
		Supplies			Professiona	l Fees
	(2)	6,250			(4)	7,440
					(5)	4,700
					Bal.	12,140
		Accounts Payabl	le	0	perating Expe	enses
	(6)	1,400 (2)	6,250	(3)	5,500	
		Bal.	4,850			
	(b)					
		]	Potter Pool	l Servic	ces	
			Trial Ba	alance		
			June	e <b>30</b>		
					D 1 1	C 1!4
					Debit	Credit
					Balances	Balances
	Cash				<b>Balances</b> 11,900	
	Accourt	nts Receivable			<b>Balances</b> 11,900 4,340	
	Accour Supplie	es			<b>Balances</b> 11,900	Balances
	Accour Supplie Accour	es nts Payable			<b>Balances</b> 11,900 4,340	<b>Balances</b> 4,850
	Accound Supplie Accound Clay P	es nts Payable otter, Capital			<b>Balances</b> 11,900 4,340 6,250	Balances
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P	es nts Payable			<b>Balances</b> 11,900 4,340	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees			<b>Balances</b> 11,900 4,340 6,250	<b>Balances</b> 4,850
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing			<b>Balances</b> 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess Operat	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses	0 – \$5 500	- \$1.50	<b>Balances</b> 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500 29,490</u>	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess Operat	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees			Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
DIFFICULTY:	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess Operat	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,5)			Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
DIFFICULTY:	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2 Challer	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,5)			Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
DIFFICULTY: LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2 Challer Bloom	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,50 nging	00 + \$5,140		Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2 Challer Bloom ACCT	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,50 nging 's: Applying	00 + \$5,140		Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2 Challer Bloom ACCT ACCT	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,50 nging 's: Applying .WARD.18.02-01	00 + \$5,140 1 - 02-01 2 - 02-02		Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2) Challer Bloom ACCT ACCT	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,50 nging 's: Applying .WARD.18.02-01 .WARD.18.02-02	00 + \$5,140 1 - 02-01 2 - 02-02 3 - 02-03		Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
	Account Supplie Account Clay P Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2 Challer Bloom ACCT ACCT ACCT	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,50 nging 's: Applying .WARD.18.02-02 .WARD.18.02-03 .WARD.18.02-04	00 + \$5,140 1 - 02-01 2 - 02-02 3 - 02-03 4 - 02-04	0 - \$1,5	Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00) 500)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Account Supplie Account Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2 Challer Bloom ACCT ACCT ACCT ACCT ACCT	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,5 nging 's: Applying .WARD.18.02-02 .WARD.18.02-02 .WARD.18.02-04 .WARD.18.04 .WARD.18.	00 + \$5,140 1 - 02-01 2 - 02-02 3 - 02-03 4 - 02-04 - Accounti - Financial	ng Cyc Statem	Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00) 500)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Account Supplie Account Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2) Challen Bloom ACCT ACCT ACCT ACCT ACCT ACCT	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,5 nging 's: Applying WARD.18.02-02 WARD.18.02-02 WARD.18.02-04 ACBSP.APC.05 ACBSP.APC.09 AICPA.FN.03 -	00 + \$5,140 1 - 02-01 2 - 02-02 3 - 02-03 4 - 02-04 - Accounti - Financial	ng Cyc Statem	Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00) 500)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Account Supplie Account Clay P Profess Operat (c) (1 (2) Challen Bloom ACCT ACCT ACCT ACCT ACCT ACCT	es nts Payable otter, Capital otter, Drawing sional Fees ing Expenses ) <u>\$5,140</u> (\$12,14 ) <u>\$16,140</u> (\$12,5 nging 's: Applying .WARD.18.02-02 .WARD.18.02-02 .WARD.18.02-04 .WARD.18.04 .WARD.18.	00 + \$5,140 1 - 02-01 2 - 02-02 3 - 02-03 4 - 02-04 - Accounti - Financial	ng Cyc Statem	Balances 11,900 4,340 6,250 1,500 <u>5,500</u> <u>29,490</u> 00) 500)	<b>Balances</b> 4,850 12,500 12,140

### Exhibit 2-1

All nine transactions for Ralston Sports Co. for September, the first month of operations, are recorded in the following T accounts:

	Cash			J	ames Ralston, Capita	ıl
(1)	25,000 (3)	12,500	_		(1)	25,000
(7)	11,900 (5)	7,600				
(9)	9,700 (6)	10,500				
	(8)	7,000				
	Accounts Re	ceivable		Ja	mes Ralston, Drawin	g
(4)	9,900 (9)		9,700	(8)	7,000	
	Supr	olies			Fees Earned	l
(3)	12,500				(4)	9,900
					(7)	11,900
	Equipment				Operating Expenses	S
(2)	9,500		(6)	1	0,500	
	Accounts	Payable				
(5)	7,600(2)	9,500	0			

242. Refer to Exhibit 2-1. Prepare a trial balance, listing the accounts in their proper order. *ANSWER:* 

### Ralston Sports Company Trial Balance September 30

	September 20		
		Debit	Credit
	]	Balances	Balances
	Cash	9,000	
	Accounts Receivable	200	
	Supplies	12,500	
	Equipment	9,500	
	Accounts Payable		1,900
	James Ralston, Capital		25,000
	James Ralston, Drawing	7,000	
	Fees Earned		21,800
	Operating Expenses	<u>10,500</u>	
		<u>48,700</u>	<u>48,700</u>
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate		
	Bloom's Applying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ACCT.WARD.18.02-04 - 02-04		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statemen ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic	nts	

243. Lewis Company has a condensed income statement as shown below.

	Year 2	Year 1
Sales	\$178,400	\$162,500
Wages expense	\$100,000	\$ 92,500
Rent expense	33,000	30,000
Utilities expense	30,000	25,000
Total operating expenses	\$163,000	<u>\$147,500</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 15,400</u>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>

#### Required

Prepare a horizontal analysis of Lewis Company's income statements. Comment on the trends, both favorable and unfavorable.

ANSWER:

	Year 2	Year 1	Increase/ Decrease Amount	Percent Change
Sales	\$178,400	\$162,500	\$15,900	9.8%
Wages expense	\$100,000	\$ 92,500	\$ 7,500	8.1
Rent expenses	33,000	30,000	3,000	10.0
Utilities expense	30,000	25,000	5,000	20.0
Total operating expenses	<u>\$163,000</u>	<u>\$147,500</u>	<u>\$15,500</u>	10.5
Net income	<u>\$ 15,400</u>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>	<u>\$ 400</u>	2.7

While the trend in sales revenue is favorable, it is not sufficient enough to offset the rising expenses, resulting in a positive but small and slowing increase in net income.

**DIFFICULTY:** 

Moderate Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCT.WARD.18.02-05 - 02-05

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

244. Nebraska Technologies has a condensed income statement as shown below.
---

	Year 2	Year 1
Sales	\$158,400	\$162,500
Wages expense	\$ 80,000	\$ 92,500
Rent expense	28,000	30,000
Utilities expense	30,000	25,000
Total operating expenses	\$138,000	<u>\$147,500</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 20,400</u>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>

#### Required

Prepare a horizontal analysis of Nebraska Technologies' income statements. Comment on the trends, both favorable and unfavorable.

ANSWER:

	Year 2	Year 1	Increase/Decrease Amount	Percent Change
Sales	\$158,400	\$162,500	\$ (4,100)	(2.5)%
Wages expense	\$ 80,000	\$ 92,500	\$(12,500)	(13.5)
Rent expense	28,000	30,000	(2,000)	(6.7)
Utilities expense	30,000	25,000	5,000	20.0
Total operating				
expenses	<u>\$138,000</u>	<u>\$147,500</u>	<u>\$ (9,500)</u>	(6.4)
Net income	<u>\$ 20,400</u>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,400</u>	36.0

The trend in sales revenue is unfavorable, but that is more than offset by the declines in operating expenses, with the exception of utilities, which increased over the period. Despite the 2.5% drop in sales, the net effect was a favorable increase in net income of 36.0%, which was in large part spurred by the drop in wages expense.

DIFFICULTY:Moderate<br/>Bloom's: ApplyingLEARNING OBJECTIVES:ACCT.WARD.18.02-05 - 02-05ACCREDITING STANDARDS:ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP<br/>ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements<br/>ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement<br/>BUSPROG: Analytic